Nordic Ecolabelling of

Paper Products - Chemical Module



Version 2.8 • 22 June 2011 - 31 December 2025



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Paper Products - Chemical Module, version 2.8, 29 November 2022

This document is a translation of an original in Swedish. In case of dispute, the original document should be taken as authoritative.

Addresses

In 1989, the Nordic Council of Ministers decided to introduce a voluntary official ecolabel, the Nordic Ecolabel. These organisations/companies operate the Nordic ecolabelling system on behalf of their own country's government. For more information, see the websites:

Denmark Ecolabelling Denmark Fonden Dansk Standard Göteborg Plads 1 DK-2150 Nordhavn Fischersgade 56, DK-9670 Løgstør Tel: +45 72 300 450 info@ecolabel.dk www.ecolabel.dk	Iceland Ecolabelling Iceland Umhverfisstofnun Suõurlandsbraut 24 IS-108 Reykjavik Tel: +354 591 20 00 ust@ust.is www.svanurinn.is	
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Nordic Ecolabelling Chemical Module / 2.8 29 November 2022

The Nordic Ecolabel modular system for paper products

Nordic Ecolabelled paper products may be made of wood fibre, fibres from other plants and recycled paper. The criteria for Nordic Ecolabelling of paper products encompass a wide range of requirements, most of which relate to pulp and paper production.

The Basic Module contains general requirements concerning forestry management, emissions, energy use and waste disposal in regard to pulp and paper production.

The Chemical Module (this document) contains general requirements in regard to the uses of chemicals in the manufacture of pulp and paper.

Supplementary Modules contain those requirements in regard to specific paper products which must be fulfilled in order that a licence to carry the Nordic Ecolabel may be granted. The requirements levels of supplementary modules may vary in relation to the basic or Chemical Module. If the standards required in the modules differ, the requirement levels specified in the applicable supplementary module are to be applied. For a product to be granted a licence to carry the Nordic Ecolabel, the relevant requirements in the Basic Module and Chemical Module, in addition to the requirements in the applicable supplementary module, must be fulfilled.

Version 2 of the modular system includes the following documents:

- Basic Module (Nordic Ecolabelling of Paper Products Basic Module)
- Chemical Module (Nordic Ecolabelling of Paper Products Chemical Module)

Other Nordic Ecolabel criteria may refer to the modular system, such as the revised Criteria for Copying and Printing Paper (version 4), the revised Criteria for Tissue Paper (version 5) and the Criteria for Sanitary Products.

What is Nordic Ecolabelled paper?

The Nordic Ecolabel is an official eco-label with absolute requirements. Nordic Ecolabelled papers have less impact on the environment than most other papers in their product groups and the Nordic Ecolabel signifies that the product fulfils strict environmental requirements.

This means that the paper has minimum environmental impact with regard to production, use and waste. This is achieved by using certified raw materials, by limiting the use of environmentally harmful chemicals, by producing low emissions to air and water and by reducing energy consumption.

Nordic Ecolabelling environmental requirements provide individual manufacturers guidance on how they can contribute to the development of sustainable production and a sustainable society.

The Nordic Ecolabel on a paper product confirms that resources have been used efficiently and that environmentally suitable production methods have been employed. The raw materials used in the product have been evaluated by Nordic Ecolabelling and only raw materials of the highest quality in environmental terms may be used in Nordic Ecolabelled products.

Documentation

Each requirement is marked with the letter R (requirement) and a number. Each requirement is followed by a \boxtimes symbol that describes how the requirement shall be documented.

To document the requirements producer/supplier shall use the Nordic Ecolabelling Portal. The portal can be accessed via the internet addresses shown on page 2 of this document or via https://www.nordic-ecolabel.org/ certification/paper-pulp-printing/my-swan-account/papertissue-producers/

In those cases in which documentation is required in the form of a safety data sheet, such documentation must comply with applicable legislation in the country of application, e.g. Annex II of REACH (Council Regulation 1907/2006/EEC) for each particular product.

All information submitted to Nordic Ecolabelling will be treated confidentially.

Analyses and classification

All tests must be conducted in accordance with OECD guidelines.

To test biodegradability, use test method "OECD Guidelines for the Testing of Chemicals" ¹, No. 301 A F for ready biodegradability and No. 302 A C for ultimate biodegradability. As an alternative ISO 10708 (BODIS test) can be used to determine readily biodegradability.

To determine bioaccumulation potential, use test method "OECD Guidelines for the Testing of Chemicals" No. 107, 117 or 305 A E.

To determine acute toxicity, use test method "OECD Guidelines for the Testing of Chemicals" No. 201, 202 or 203 A E.

Classification shall be in accordance with Council Directive 67/548/EEC and Council Directive 1999/45/EEC (until 1 December 2010 and during the transition period 2010-2015) or Regulation 1272/2008/EEC (as of 1 December 2010). The assessment and classification of chemical substances is the responsibility of the chemical supplier. Nordic Ecolabelling may request access to the background to the evaluation/classification of the substance.

 $http://www.oecd.org/document/40/0,3343,en_2649_34377_37051368_1_1_1_1,00.html\#Obtaining_Test_Guidelinesalendar.yahoo.com/ (20100920)$

¹ OECD Guidelines for the Testing of Chemicals:

1 Chemical requirements

The chemical requirements apply to production chemicals used in the production of pulp and paper and to chemicals used in the conversion of the paper. The requirements are stipulated in respect of recycled fibre, mechanical pulp, CTMP and chemical pulp. These requirements do not depend on the manufacturing combination; i.e. whether the pulp is manufactured at a non-integrated or at an integrated paper mill.

The requirements do not apply to chemicals used in the treatment of freshwater, in the generation of energy or in maintenance work that is not defined as maintenance of pulp and paper production equipment during production.

For example, the cleaning of wires, or of cooking and bleaching equipment, is regarded as constituting maintenance of pulp and paper production equipment, whereas felt washing agents used continuously in production are regarded as production chemicals.

Chemicals used in external treatment of water lying outside the control of the pulp or paper manufacturer (e.g. municipal treatment plants), are exempt from the requirements below. In the case of pulp production, manufacturers often operate their own external water treatment plants; and these are not exempted from the requirements It is, however, common practice on the continent for waste water from smaller paper mills to be treated in municipal treatment plants, over which the paper manufacturer exercises no control. Exemptions are allowed for this type of external water treatment plant.

It is not necessary to report or document the use of chemicals in trials, of no longer than 10 days during a period of, at most, two months, to Nordic Ecolabelling, in respect of pulp and paper manufacturing.

Fulfilment of the requirements is documented primarily with the aid of declaration or test results from chemical manufacturers/suppliers. Nevertheless, Nordic Ecolabelling will be entitled to request chemical manufacturers/suppliers for information on the complete chemical composition of a product in order to check the contents of the product when necessary.

The chemical supplier shall inform Nordic Ecolabelling regarding modifications to the composition of the product or any substitutions of raw materials that might occur before the next revision of the Chemical Module.

Constituent substances

Ingoing substances are defined as, unless stated otherwise, all substances in the product – including additives (e.g. preservatives or stabilisers) in the raw materials, but not residuals from the production, incl. the production of raw materials. Residuals are defined as residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from the production, incl. production of the raw materials, which are present in the final product in amounts less than 100 ppm (0.0100 w/w %, 100 mg/kg), but not substances added to the raw materials or product intentionally and with a purpose – regardless of amount.

Production chemicals

The term "production chemicals", as used in this document, is a collective term for chemical additives, auxiliary chemicals and process chemicals. The term is further used to refer to starch, filler material and so on.

1.1 Requirements applying to all production chemicals and chemical products

R1 Production chemicals

The pulp/paper manufacturer must report all production chemicals, providing documentation in respect of the product's complete name, function, area of use in the mill, supplier and quantities used in kg/tonnes pulp/paper. All chemical products used in the production of pulp and paper and in conversion must be fully documented. The requirement further applies to internal and external water treatment.

The documentation required are to be submitted with the aid of the web-based application aid My Swan Account.

Declaration of the production chemicals used in My Swan Account, see also Appendix 1 in this document. Product safety data sheets for chemical products can be included on demand. Safety data sheet/product specification must comply with the standards set out in Annex II of REACH (Regulation 1907/2006/EC).

R2 Classification of production chemicals

Organic production chemicals classified according to the risk phrases indicated in the table below must not be used in pulp and paper manufacture.

Table 1: Classification of production chemicals

Classification	Hazard symbol and risk phrase / Hazard class, category and statement		
	Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC/ Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC	CLP Regulation 1272/2008	
Hazardous to the environment	N with R50, R50/53 or R51/53 and/or R59	Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Category Acute 1 H400 Category Chronic 1 H410, Category Chronic 2 H411 EUH 059 (Dangerous for the ozone layer)	
Very toxic	T+ with R26, R27, R28 and/or R39	Acute toxicity: Category 1 or 2 with H330, H310 and/or H300 and/or Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 1 with H370	
Carcinogenic	T with R45 and/or R49, (Category 1 or 2) or Xn with R40 (Cat 3)	Carc 1A/1B/2 with H350, H350i and/or H351	
Mutagenic T with R46 (Category 1 or 2)or Xn with R68 (Cat 3)		Muta 1A/1B/2 with H340 and/or H341	
Reproductive toxic	T with R60 and/or R61 (Category 1 or 2). Or Xn with R62 and/or R63 (Cat 3)	Repr 1A/1B/2 with H360, H361	

Classification is performed according to EU Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC / Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC with later amendments and adjustments and/or CLP Regulation 1272/2008 with later amendments. Classification according to the EU Dangerous Substance Directive or the CLP Regulation may be used during the transition period, i.e. until 1 June 2015. Following the transition period, classification according to the CLP Regulation is to apply exclusively (see Table 1 above). Further information on the risk phrases is supplied in Appendix 2.

Note that the producer of the raw material/product is responsible for classification.

Note that this requirement applies to organic production chemicals and not constituent substances. Only chemicals that are 100% inorganic are exempted from the requirement (e.g. NaOH).

Exceptions to the requirement:

- Biocides
- Peracetic acid (bleaching agent)
- Cationic polymers, if charge is the reason for classification.
- If consumption of the chemical is less than 0.05 kg/tonne produced pulp (0.005%) at the pulp mill or per produced paper at the paper mill.
- DTPA and its salts. Please, also note requirement R15 in the Basic Module (version 2 or newer) concerning potential replacement of DTPA in the production.

Dyes classified as environmentally hazardous are exempted from the requirement if

- classification of the dye is due to the dyestuff itself
- dyestuffs are fixed to fibres > 98%. The degree of fixation is calculated as the total retention of dyestuffs on the fibres during the process
- where the constituent substances are not found in Restricted Substances Database (Sweden), List of undesirable substances, Environmental Review² or The Priority List³, (State of the Environment, Norway).

 \bowtie The chemical manufacturer or supplier shall demonstrate compliance with the requirement by duly completing the declaration in web-based application aid My Swan Account. If the exception to dyes is applied, must chemical manufacturer/supplier and pulp/paper producer verify how the requirements for the exception are met by duly completing and signing Appendix 3, Declaration 7 (chemical manufacturer/supplier) and Appendix 4 (pulp/paper producer) in My Swan Account.

1.2 Requirements applying to specific chemicals

Requirements applying to specific chemicals are stipulated in respect of the following chemicals. Documentation is to be submitted with the aid of the web-based application aid My Swan Account (MSA). Forms that are equivalent to declarations in this document (in parentheses) are available in MSA:

- Cleaning agents and dispersants, (Appendix 3, Declaration 1)
- De-inking chemicals (Appendix 3, Declaration 2)
- Biocides/slimicides (Appendix 3, Declaration 3)
- Coatings*, retention agents, flocculants, foam inhibitors/defoamers and wet strength agents (Appendix 3, Declaration 4)
- Wet strength agents (Appendix 3, Declaration 5)
- Foam inhibitors/defoamers (Appendix 3, Declaration 6)
- Dyes, environmental hazard of constituent substances (Appendix 3, Declaration 7)
- Dyes, heavy metals (Appendix 3, Declaration 7)
- Dyes, amines (Appendix 3, Declaration 7)

http://www.mst.dk/Virksomhed_og_myndighed/Kemikalier/Stoflister+og+databaser/listen_over_uoenskede_sto

³ http://www.miljostatus.no/Tema/Kjemikalier/Kjemikalielister/Prioritetslisten/

- Dyes, phthalates (Appendix 3, Declaration 7)
- Adhesives (Appendix 3, Declaration 8)
- Starch products, GMO (Appendix 3, Declaration 9)

R3 Cleaning agents and dispersants

Alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives must not be deliberately added to cleaning agents or dispersants.

The producer or supplier shall demonstrate compliance with the requirement by duly completing and signing Declaration 1, Appendix 3 in My Swan Account.

R4 De-inking chemicals

If more than 100 g of surfactant per tonne de-inked pulp is used in de-inking (the total of all surfactants used in the various de-inking products in use), each surfactant must be readily degradable. If the total of all surfactants used is less than 100 g surfactant/tonne de-inked pulp, each surfactant must be either readily or ultimately biodegradable.

Silicone derivatives that are destroyed in chemicals recycling are exempted from this requirement.

Alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives must not be deliberately added to de-inking chemicals.

- The chemical manufacturer/supplier must report the composition of the product regarding surfactants, stating complete names, CAS no. and amounts in accordance with Declaration 2 in Appendix 3 in My Swan Account. The result of testing for biodegradation properties must be reported e.g. in a product safety data sheet. If the exception to silicone derivatives is applied, must manufacturer certify how the requirements for the exception are met by duly completing and signing Declaration 2 in Appendix 3.
- The pulp- and paper manufacture must certify the total amount of surfactants in the deinking chemicals g/tonne de-inked pulp by duly completing and signing Appendix 4 in My Swan Account. If the exception to silicone derivatives is applied, must pulp/paper producer certify how the requirements for the exception are met by duly completing and signing Appendix 4 in My Swan Account.

R5 Biocides/slimicides

Active organic substances in biocides used for countering slime-forming organisms in pulp and paper production must not bioaccumulate or be potentially bioaccumulative.

Chemical manufacturers/suppliers must report on the composition of the product regarding biocides, stating their complete name and CAS no. in accordance with Declaration 3 in Appendix 3 in My Swan Account. Test results on the bioaccumulation potential of the active substances must be reported e.g. in product safety data sheets.

R6 Coating agents, retention agents, flocculants, foam inhibitors/ defoamers and wet strength agents

Alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives must not be deliberately added to coating agents, retention agents, flocculants, foam inibitors/defoamers and wet strength agents.

The total content of residual monomers, classified according to Table 1 in requirement R2 (N with R50/H400 exempt) and/or as environmentally hazardous with R52/53/H412, may in newly produced polymers not exceed:

^{*} Coatings: The term "coatings" encompasses products applied to the base paper after the press section of a paper machine.

- 700 ppm for acrylamide
- 100 ppm for other residual monomers

Quantities are calculated based on the total polymer content (dry matter content) of the commercial product.

Polymers witch together constitute less than 1% of the polymer blend is exempted from the requirement.

Bisphenol A may not be used in Nordic Ecolabelled paper.

The manufacturer or supplier of the chemical product shall, with full name and CAS number, provide a statement listing the residual monomers in the product classified according to the requirement above, and certify that the requirement is fulfilled by duly completing and signing Declaration 4 in Appendix 3 or Declaration 6 (foam inhibitors/defoamers) in Appendix 3 in My Swan Account. The paper manufacture must certify that the requirement to bisphenol A is met by duly completing and signing Appendix 4 in My Swan Account.

R7 Wet strength agents

Wet strength agents may contain a total of no more than 100 ppm (0.01%) low-molecular chloro-organic compounds epichlorohydrin (ECH), dichloroisopropanol (DCP) and chloropropanediol (CPD) – calculated on the basis of the dry matter content.

The manufacturer or supplier of chloro-organic wet strength agents shall certify that the requirement is fulfilled by duly completing and signing Declaration 5 in Appendix 3 in My Swan Account.

R8 Foam inhibitors and defoamers

Alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives must not be deliberately added to foam inhibitors.

None of the constituent substances that have a foam inhibiting or foam retarding effect in foam inhibitors/defoamers shall be classified as environmentally hazardous in accordance with Table 1 in R2 and/or as environmentally hazardous with R52/53/H412.

As an alternative, foam inhibitors/defoamers for which 95% by weight of the constituent substances with a foam inhibiting or foam retarding effect are either readily or ultimately biodegradable, may be used.

Foam inhibitors/defoamers that are destroyed in chemicals recycling are exempted from this requirement.

The chemical manufacturer or supplier of a foam inhibitor/defoamer shall certify:

- that the product does not contain components that are classified as environmentally hazardous in accordance with the requirement and complete Declaration 6 in Appendix 3 in My Swan Account.
- where foam inhibitors/defoamers consist of a mixture of various substances, each
 substance shall be stated with its full name, CAS no. and concentration. The result of
 testing for biodegradability of the individual substances shall be reported for
 example in product safety data sheets and completed Declaration 6 in Appendix 3 in
 My Swan Account.
- If the exception to foam inhibitors/defoamers destroyed in chemicals recycling is applied, must pulp/paper producer certify how the requirements for the exception are met by duly completing and signing Appendix 4 in My Swan Account.

R9 Dyes, environmental hazard of constituent substances

Dyes for use in printing and colouring shall contain a maximum total of 2% by weight of constituent substances classified as environmentally hazardous in accordance with Table 1 in requirement R2 and/or as environmentally hazardous with R52/53/H412.

Exception to the requirement are dyes where

- dyestuffs are fixed to fibres > 98%. The degree of fixation is calculated as the total retention of dyestuffs on the fibres during the process.
- where the constituent substances are not found in Restricted Substances Database (Sweden), List of undesirable substances, Environmental Review⁴ or The Priority List⁵, (State of the Environment, Norway).

The producer or supplier shall specify the content of the product by duly completing and signing Declaration 7, Appendix 3 in My Swan Account. If the exception to dyes is applied, must chemical manufacturer/supplier and pulp/paper producer certify how the requirements for the exception are met by duly completing and signing Appendix 3, Declaration 7 (chemical manufacturer/ supplier) and Appendix 4 (pulp/paper producer) in My Swan Account .

R10 Dyes, heavy metals and aluminium

Heavy metals, aluminium and copper (e.g. aluminium in silver colouring, copper in gold colouring), or compounds of heavy metals, may not be present in dyestuffs or pigments in dyes (this applies to both dyeing of pulp and printing inks).

Copper in phthalocyanine pigment is exempted from this requirement.

Limit values for impurities of heavy metals:

- Impurities of Pb, Hg, Cr and Cd in dyes (applies to the dying of pulp and printing inks) must not exceed a total content of 100 ppm.
- The following limit values apply to individual substances in direct dyes:
 Pb 100 ppm, Hg 4 ppm, Cd 20 ppm and Cr 100 ppm.
- The following limit values apply to individual substances in pigment dyes: Pb 100 ppm, Hg 25 ppm, Cd 50 ppm and Cr 100 ppm.
- The producer or supplier shall demonstrate compliance with the requirement by duly completing and signing Declaration 7, Appendix 3 in My Swan Account.

R11 Dyes, amines

Direct and pigment dye shall not contain dye substances that may liberate the amines specified in Table 2.

Table 2 Amines that must not be liberated from dyestuffs.

Amine	CAS-number
4-amino-biphenyl	92-67-1
Benzidine	92-87-5
4-chloro-toluidine	95-69-2
2-naphtylamine	91-59-8
o-aminoazo-toluene	97-56-3
2-amino-4-nitro-toluene	99-55-8
p-chloroaniline	106-47-8

 $http://www.mst.dk/Virksomhed_og_myndighed/Kemikalier/Stoflister+og+databaser/listen_over_uoenskede_stoffer$

⁵ http://www.miljostatus.no/Tema/Kjemikalier/Kjemikalielister/Prioritetslisten/

2,4-diamino-anisol	615-05-4
2,4´-diamino-diphenylmethane	101-77-9
3,3´-dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1
3,3´-dimethoxybenzidine	119-90-4
3,3´-dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7
3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diamino- diphenylmethane	838-88-0
p-Cresidine	120-71-8
4,4'-methylenebis(2-chloroaniline)	101-14-4
4,4'-oxydianiline	101-80-4
4,4´-thiodianiline	139-65-1
o-Toluidine	95-53-4
2,4-toluilenediamine	95-80-7
2,4,5-trimethylaniline	137-17-7
0-anisidinedimethoxyaniline	90-04-0
2,4-xylidine	95-68-1
4,6-xylidine	87-62-7
4-aminoazobenzene	60-09-3

The producer or supplier shall demonstrate compliance with the requirement by duly completing and signing Declaration 7, Appendix 3 in My Swan Account.

R12 Dyes, phthalates

Phthalates shall not be present in the dyes used.

The producer or supplier shall demonstrate compliance with the requirement by duly completing and signing Declaration 7, Appendix 3 in My Swan Account.

R13 Adhesives

Adhesives used in the production, conversion or packaging of the product shall not contain alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives, phthalates, halogenated volatile organic compounds or ethylene glycol ethers.

Adhesives carrying the Nordic Ecolabel are approved, provided that the trade name and licence number are specified.

The chemical manufacturer or supplier shall give an account of the composition and classification of the product by duly completing and signing Declaration 8 in Appendix 3 in My Swan Account or provide documentation demonstrating that the adhesive is Nordic Ecolabelled.

R14 Starch products, GMO

The use in production of starch products that derive from genetically modified material, e.g. certain potato and maize starches, is prohibited.

The producer or supplier of the starch product shall demonstrate compliance with the requirement by duly completing and signing Declaration 9, Appendix 3 in My Swan Account.

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2 Quality and regulatory requirements

Information on the chemicals used in the production of pulp and paper products shall be provided to Nordic Ecolabelling in the following declarations and forms. The documents are available in the web-based application aid My Swan Account (MSA).

The pulp and paper manufacture shall duly complete Appendix 1.

The chemical manufacturer or supplier shall duly complete Declaration 1-8 in Appendix 3.

The producer or supplier of starch products shall duly complete Declaration 9 in Appendix 3.

The pulp- and paper manufacturer shall duly complete Appendix 4.

Validity of the Chemical Module

This Chemical Module, version 2, has been approved by the Nordic Ecolabelling Board on 22 June 2011. The module is reviewed regularly about every 5 years.

Following changes were approved by Nordic Ecolabelling May 10 2012:

- Requirement 4 (de-inking chemicals). The pulp- and paper manufacturer must certify
 the total amount of surfactants in the de-inking chemicals g/tonne de-inked pulp by
 duly completing and signing Appendix 4.
- Requirement 6 (polymers): The requirement now applies for coatings, retention agents, flocculants, foam inhibitors/defoamers and wet strength agents. New triviality limit so polymers witch together constitute less than 1% of the polymer blend is exempted from the requirement. New in requirement 6 is also that the paper manufacture must certify that the requirement to bisphenol A is met by duly completing and signing Appendix 4.

On 15 May 2013 the Secretariat Manager's meeting decided to prolong the criteria document until 30 June 2016. The new version is called 2.2.

On 19 June 2013 the Secretariat Manager's meeting decided to adopt a change in requirement R2 (Classification of production chemicals). Until 30 June 2016, can DTPA and its salts be used in production. Some small amendments were also included in the criteria document. The new version is called 2.2.

On 19 February 2014 the Secretariat Manager's meeting decided to adopt a change in requirement R4 (De-inking chemicals). Silicone derivatives that are destroyed in chemicals recycling are exempted from the requirement. In requirement R2, dyes classified as environmentally hazardous are exempted from the requirement providing that certain conditions for dyes are met (eg. fixing to fibres > 98%). In K8 and K9, requirements for documentation were adjusted. If exceptions are applied, the producer must certify how the requirements for exceptions are met. Some small amendments were also included in the criteria document. The new version is called 2.3.

On 5 Novembre 2015 the Nordic Ecolabelling Board decided to prolong the criteria document three years until 30 June 2019. The new version is called 2.4. The derogation concerning DTPA and its salts in the requirement R2 was amended permanent in the

generation 2 of the Chemical Module. Some editorial changes were also introduced in the document.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 14 December 2017 to prolong the criteria for chemical module with 18 months to the 31 December 2020. The new version is called 2.5.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 12 November 2019 to prolong the criteria for chemical module with 12 months to the 31 December 2021. The new version is called 2.6.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 1 June 2021 to prolong the criteria for chemical module with 24 months to the 31 December 2023. The new version is called 2.7.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 29 November 2022 to prolong the criteria for chemical module with 24 months to the 31 December 2025. The new version is called 2.8.

Nordic Ecolabelling notifies all customers if any changes, amendments or revisions of the Chemical Module, version 2.

Appendix 1 Information on production chemicals

Pulp/paper manufacturer:					
List of production che	emicals:				
Name of chemical	Function	Manufacturer/sup	plier	Amount used (kg/tonne)	Site/place of use in mill
	•				
Signature of the p	oulp/paper manu	ufacturer:			
Company			Date		
Signature			Title/p	osition	
Clarification of signatu	re		Tel/E-r	nail	

Appendix 2 Modification of requirements in accordance with the CLP Regulation

Classification is performed according to EU Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC/Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC with later amendments and adjustments and/or CLP Regulation 1272/2008 with later amendments. Classification according to the EU Dangerous Substance Directive or the CLP Regulation may be used during the transition period, i.e. until 1 June 2015. Following the transition period, classification according to the CLP Regulation is to apply exclusively.

Classification	Hazard symbol and risk phrase / Hazard class, category and statement			
	Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC /Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC	CLP Regulation 1272/2008		
Hazardous to the environment	R50: Very toxic to aquatic organisms R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R59: Dangerous for the ozone layer	H400: Very toxic to aquatic organisms H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects EUH059: Dangerous for the ozone layer		
Very toxic/toxic	R26: Very toxic by inhalation R27: Very toxic in contact with skin R28: Very toxic if swallowed R39: Danger of very serious irreversible effects R48: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure	H330: Fatal if inhaled H310: Fatal in contact with skin H300: Fatal if swallowed H370: Causes damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard) H372: Causes damage to organs (state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard)		
Carcinogenic	R40: Possible risk of cancer R45: May cause cancer R49: May cause cancer by inhalation	H350: May cause cancer H351: Suspected of causing cancer		
Mutagenic	R46: May cause heritable genetic damage R68: Possible risks of irreversible effects	H340: May cause genetic defects H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects		
Reproductive toxic	R60: May impair fertility R61: May cause harm to the unborn child R62: Possible risk of impaired fertility R63: Possible risk of harm to the unborn child	H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child		

Appendix 3 Declaration 1, Cleaning agents and dispersants

Product name:				
Function:				
Manufacturer/supplier:				
Have alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol der		V	N	
been actively added to the cleaning agent or dispersar	it?	Yes □	No □	
Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as agents that liberate a	lkylphenol during d	egradation.		
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in the product composition until next revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be notified to Nordic Ecolabelling.				
Signature of supplier/manufacturer				
Company	Date			
Signature	Title/position			
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail			

Appendix 3 Declaration 2, De-inking chemicals

Product name:		
Function:		
Manufacturer/supplier:		
List names, CAS no. and the amounts of surfactants p	present in the de-inking chemicals:	
	g/kg chemical product	
-	g/kg chemical product	
	g/kg chemical product	
	g/kg chemical product	
Are all the surfactants present in de-inking chemicals biodegradable according to the OECD test 301 A-F?	s readily Yes 🗆 No) 🗆
If not, which surfactant(s) is/are not?		
	g/kg chemical product	
	g/kg chemical product	
	ı.	
Are these surfactants ultimately biodegradable accor to the OECD test 302 A-C?	rding Yes □ No) 🗆
Test results shall be provided by the supplier in the form of with the standards set out in Annex II of REACH (Regulation		ply
Are silicone derivatives used in de-inking?	Yes □ No) 🗆
If yes, specify the fate of the silicone derivatives after treatment process)?		_

Have alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives been actively added to the product?		Yes □	No □
Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as agents that liberate of	alkylphenol during d	egradation.	
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in the product composition until next revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be notified to Nordic Ecolabelling.			
Signature of supplier/manufacturer			
Company	Date		
Signature	Title/position		
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail		

Appendix 3 Declaration 3, Biocides/slimicides

Product name:	
Function:	
Manufacturer/supplier:	
List the names and CAS no. of the biocides present in t	the product:
Are the biocides potentially bioaccumulative? Not bioaccumulative, if BCF<100 or log Ko/w <3, OECD test	Yes □ No □
Test results shall be provided by the supplier in the form of ewith the standards set out in Annex II of REACH (Regulation	
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in th revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be r	
Signature of supplier/manufacturer	
Company	Date
Signature	Title/position
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail

Appendix 3 Declaration 4, Coating agents, retention agents, flocculants and wet strength agents

Product name:			
Function:			
Manufacturer/suppl	ier:		
Does the produc	ct contain polymers?	Yes □	No □
been actively ad	ol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives ded to a coating, retention agent or other		
polymer produc	t?	Yes □	No □
Alkylphenol derivo	atives are defined as agents that liberate alkylphenol duri	ng degradation.	
Has Risnhenol A	been actively added to the coating agents?	Yes □	No □
·	ct contain residual monomer(s) classified as:		
Classification	Associated danger symbols and R-phrases		
Hazardous to the environment	N with R50/53, R51/53 and/or R59. R52/53 / Category Acute 1 H400 Category Chronic 1 H410, Category Chronic 2 H411 EUH 059 (Dangerous for the ozone layer). Category Chronic 3 H412.	Yes No No	
Very toxic	T+ with R26, R27, R28 and/or R39/ Category 1 or 2 with H330, H310 and/or H300 and/or Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 1 with H370.	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	
Carcinogenic	T with R45 and/or R49 (Category 1 and 2) or Xn with R40 (Category 3)/ Carc 1A/1B/2 with H350, H350i and/or H351.	Yes 🗆 No 🗆	
Mutagenic	T with R46 (Category 1 or 2) or Xn with R68 (Category 3)/ Muta 1A/1B/2 with H340 and/or H341.	Yes □ No □	
Reproductive toxic	T with R60 and/or R61 (Category 1 or 2) or Xn with R62 and/or R63 (Category 3)/ Repr 1A/1B/2 with H360, H361.	Yes □ No □	
If yes, state the	unambiguous chemical name, the CAS number and t	:he concentratio	on:
	ppm based	on dry content	
	ppm based	on dry content	
Quantities are commercial pro-	alculated based on the total polymer content (dry m duct.	atter content) c	of the
Polymers witch requirement.	together constitute less than 1% of the polymer bler	nd is exempted t	from the

Please note that the upper limit for the total concentration of harmful monomers in the product is 100 ppm, excluding acrylamide which has an upper limit of 700 ppm.

We hereby certify that all changes that are made in the product composition until next revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be notified to Nordic Ecolabelling.

Signature of supplier/manufacturer

Company	Date
Signature	Title/position
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail

Appendix 3 Declaration 5, Wet strength agents

Product name:			
Function:			
Manufacturer/supplier:			
Do wet strength agents contain any of the low molecu chloro-organic compounds epichlorohydrin (ECH), dichloroisopropanol (DCP) and chloropropanediol (CPI			
If yes, state the unambiguous chemical name, CAS number, relevant risk phrases and concentration.			
	_ ppm based on dry content		
ppm based on dry content			
ppm based on dry content			
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in the product composition until next revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be notified to Nordic Ecolabelling.			
Signature of supplier/manufacturer			
Company	Date		
Signature	Title/position		
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail		

Appendix 3 Declaration 6, Foam inhibitors and defoamers

Product name:		
Function:		
Manufacturer/supplier:		
Foam inhibitors and defoamers		
Are any of the constituent substances that have a foam inhibiting or foam retarding effect in foam inhibitors/defoamers classified as environmentally hazardous in accordance with Table 1 in R2 and/or as environmentally hazardous with R52/53 /H412?	Yes □	No □
or		
Are 95% by weight of the constituent components with foam reducn nhibitors/defoamers:	ing effect in foa	ım
readily biodegradable (OECD 301 A-F test)?	Yes □	No □
or		
ultimately biodegradable (OECD 302 A-C test)?	Yes □	No □
State the constituent components with name, CAS number and con	centration:	
Test results shall be provided by the supplier in the form of e.g. a safety da with the standards set out in Annex II of REACH (Regulation 1907/2006/EC		st comply
Foam inhibitors, which are destroyed in the chemical recycling, are exempt	ted from this requ	uirement.
Have alkylphenol ethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivatives peen actively added to the foam inhibitor?	Yes □	No □
Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as agents that liberate alkylphenol dur	ing degradation.	
Does the product contain polymers?	Yes □	No □
Does the product contain residual monomer(s) classified as:		

Classification	Associated danger symbols and R-phrases			
Hazardous to the environment	N with R50/53, R51/53 and/or R59. R52/53 / Category Chronic 1 H410, Category Chronic 2 H411 EUH 059 layer). Category Chronic 3 H412.		Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Very toxic	T+ with R26, R27, R28 and/or R39/ Category 1 or 2 v H300 and/or Specific target organ toxicity – single e H370.	· · · · ·	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Carcinogenic	T with R45 and/or R49 (Category 1 and 2) or Xn with R40 (Category 3))/ Carc 1A/1B/2 with H350, H350i and/or H351.		No 🗆	
Mutagenic	T with R46 (Category 1 or 2) or Xn with R68 (Catego with H340 and/or H341.	T with R46 (Category 1 or 2) or Xn with R68 (Category 3))/ Muta 1A/1B/2 with H340 and/or H341.		No 🗆
Reproductive toxic	T with R60 and/or R61 (Category 1 or 2) or Xn with R62 and/or R63 (Category 3)/ Repr 1A/1B/2 with H360, H361.		No 🗆	
If yes, state the	unambiguous chemical name, the CAS			ion:
		_ ppm based on dry o	content	
		_ ppm based on dry o	content	
Quantities are calculated based on the total polymer content (dry matter content) of the commercial product. Polymers witch together constitute less than 1% of the polymer blend is exempted from the				
Please note that the upper limit for the total concentration of harmful monomers in the product is 100 ppm, excluding acrylamide which has an upper limit of 700 ppm.				
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in the product composition until next revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be notified to Nordic Ecolabelling. Signature of supplier/manufacturer				
Company		Data		
Company		Date		
Signature		Title/position		
Clarification of signa	ature	Tel/E-mail		

Appendix 3 Declaration 7, Dyes

Chemical Module / 2

Function:		
Manufacturer/supplier:		
L		
Classification		
Do dyes for use in printing and colouring contain substances classified as environmentally hazardous in accordance with Table 1 in Requirement 2 and/or as environmentally		
hazardous with R52/53/H412?	Yes □	No □
If yes, state the unambiguous chemical name, the CAS number and t		ion: % % %
Is the exception for dyes applied?	Yes □	No □
If yes, specify how the requirements for exception are met (e.g. fixing to fibres >98%)?		
Are heavy metals, aluminium and copper, or compounds of heavy metals, present in dyestuffs or pigments? If yes, please specify the metal:	Yes □	No 🗆

Impurities			
We hereby declare that total lead, cadmium, mercury chromium impurities do not exceed 100 ppm in the dy or pigment.		Yes □	No □
We hereby declare that the lead content does not exc 100 ppm, mercury 4 ppm, cadmium 20 ppm and chromium 100 ppm in direct dyes.	eed	Yes □	No □
We hereby declare that the lead content does not exc 100 ppm, mercury 25 ppm, cadmium 50 ppm, chromiu 100 ppm in the pigment dyes.		Yes □	No □
Phthalates			
Have phthalates been used in the dye formulations contained in the product?		Yes □	No □
Amines			
Does the dye formulation contain dyes that can decon to form any of the amines listed in R11 (Table 2)?	npose	Yes □	No □
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in th revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be n			xt
Signature of supplier/manufacturer			
Company	Date		
Signature	Title/position		
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail		

Appendix 3 Declaration 8, Adhesives

Product name:			
Function:			
Manufacturer/supplier:			
Do adhesives used in the production, conversion or pa of the product contain alkylphenol ethoxylates or othe alkylphenol derivatives, phthalates, halogenated volat organic compounds or ethylene glycol ethers?	er	Yes □	No □
Is the adhesive Nordic Ecolabelled?		Yes □	No □
If yes, specify the trade name and licence number			
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in th revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be no Signature of supplier/manufacturer			
Company	Date		
. ,			
Signature	Title/position		
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail		

Appendix 3 Declaration 9, GMO in Starch products

Product name:		
Function:		
Manufacturer/supplier:		
We hereby declare that the above mentioned starch product is not derived from genetically modified material.		
We hereby certify that all changes that are made in the product composition until next revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be notified to Nordic Ecolabelling.		
Signature of supplier/manufacturer		
Company	Date	
Signature	Title/position	
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail	

Appendix 4

Declaration regarding chemicals from the pulp- and paper manufacturer (R2, R4, R6, R8 and R9)

Pulp- and paper manufacturer:		
R4 (De-inking chemicals)		
The total amount of surfactants in the de-inking chemicals $____g/g$ de-inked pulp	tonne	
Are silicone derivatives used in de-inking?	Yes □	No □
If yes, specify the sewage treatment steps used in external wastewate that the sludge is incinerated?	er treatment	and certify
R6 (Bisphenol A)		
Has Bisphenol A been actively added to the Nordic Ecolabelled paper?	Yes □	No □
R8 (Foam inhibitors and defoamers)		
Are foam inhibitors/defoamers destroyed in chemical recycling?	Yes □	No □
If yes, specify how these foam inhibitors/defoamers are destroyed in	chemical rec	ycling?
R2 and R9 (Dyes, environmental hazard of constituent substances)		
Is the exception for dyes applied in requirement R2 and/or R9?	Yes □	No □
If yes, specify how the conditions for dyestuffs optimal fixing to fibres process?		

We hereby certify that all changes that are made in the product composition until next revision of the Chemical Module will immediately be notified to Nordic Ecolabelling.

Signature of pulp-/papermanufacturer

Company	Date
Signature	Title/position
Clarification of signature	Tel/E-mail