Overview of requirements for different materials and chemicals

The appendices in this document provide an overview of the requirements for the different materials and chemicals used in the production or assembly of the furniture/fitment, for surface treatment or in the production of the constituent materials. The appendices are a summary of which requirements that must be met by subcontractors/manufacturers of the different materials and chemicals. This can be used as an aid in communication with subcontractors to inform about which requirements that must be met. See the table below for a summary of the requirements and the appendices in this document.

Chemical requirements

Nordic Ecolabelling sets requirements for chemicals that are used during the manufacture of the constituent materials, for the production or assembly of the furniture/fitment and for surface treatment.

The requirements for chemicals are not all found in one chapter in the criteria document, but will be specified in the chapters for each individual material, e.g. chemicals that are relevant in the manufacture of wood-based panels will be specified in the chapter for wood-based panels and chemicals used in the production of laminates will be specified in the chapter on laminate. An exception to this is the requirements for the surface treatment of wood, wood-based panels and laminate, which are placed together in one chapter.

The requirements in chapter 1.4.1 of the criteria document apply to chemicals that are added to the furniture/fitment or that are used in the production or assembly at the production site or at a subcontractor. A subcontractor can e.g. assemble parts or the whole piece of furniture and all used chemicals must meet the requirements in chapter 1.4.1 of the criteria document. See Appendix 1 for a summary of the requirements to be met for chemicals used by the furniture manufacturer and subcontractors.

Chemical requirements that are used in the production of constituent materials are specified under the respective chapter for the relevant material.

Appendix overview

An overview of the appendices in this document is given in the table below.

Appendix number	Appendix name
Appendix 1	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used by furniture manufacturer and subcontractor
Appendix 2	Requirements for solid wood, cork and bamboo
Appendix 3	Requirements for wood-based panels

Appendix 3a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in the manufacturing of wood-based panels
Appendix 4	Requirements for paper
Appendix 4a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used as surface treatment or additive in paper
Appendix 5	Requirements for laminate
Appendix 5a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in the manufacturing of laminate
Appendix 6	Requirements for surface treatment of wood, woodbased panels and laminate
Appendix 6a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used for surface treatment of wood, woodbased panels and laminate
Appendix 7	Requirements for metal (steel and aluminium)
Appendix 7a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used for surface treatment of metal, e.g. powder coating
Appendix 8	Requirements for plastic, rubber and silicone
Appendix 8a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used as additives in the production of plastic, rubber or silicone
Appendix 8b)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used for surface treatment of plastic
Appendix 9	Requirements for textile
Appendix 9a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in the manufacturing of textile
Appendix 10	Requirements for padding material
Appendix 10a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in production or treatment of padding material
Appendix 11	Requirements for hide and leather
Appendix 11a)	Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in production of hide and leather
Appendix 12	Requirements for other materials in the criteria

Appendix 1 – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used by furniture manufacturer and subcontractor

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used by furniture manufacturers and subcontractors must fulfil. The requirements are applicable for all types of chemical products, e.g. adhesive or filler. Auxiliary substances such as lubricating oil and cleaning detergents are not covered by the requirements.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements to be included in a Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitment.

Name of chemical product:
Function of chemical product (e.g. adhesive):
Ingoing substances and impurities are defined as follows:
• Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g.

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O20: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the classifications below?			
Exemptions applies to:			
 The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) 			
 The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0) if the requirement to free formaldehyde, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. 			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity			
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	

Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure H370 – STOT SE 1 H372 – STOT RE 1 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes Yes Yes		No No	
H372 – STOT RE 1 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B			No	
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B			No	
H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B			No	
Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B		Ш	No	
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B				
1244 Muta 2	Yes		No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes		No	
Toxic for reproduction				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes		No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes		No	
			_	
Requirement O21: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to:				
The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI).				
 The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS number 50-00-0), if the requirement to free formaldehyde, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. 				
 Adhesives containing up to 1000 ppm residual monomer of vinyl acetate (CAS number 108-05-4) classified H351. 				
Titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351.				
• 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361.				
Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
G	Yes		No	
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B				
	Yes		No	
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic			No	
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2			No No	

Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes	No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes	No	

362 – Lact.	Yes		No	
yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where point delevel (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the purity or purposely added.		, .		
			_ _ _	
equirement O22: Does the chemical product contain any of the following			_	
ubstances?			NI-	
ubstances on the Candidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: ttp://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)	Yes		No	
ubstances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the citeria in Annex XIII of REACH	Yes		No	
ubstances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. ee the following links: ttps://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the- u and ttps://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by- articipating-national-authorities	Yes		No	
he following substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists",	Yes		No	
st II: • (±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4- methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4- methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9)				
 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS No. 1675-54-3) 				
 4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4) 				
 Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-56-6) 				
Benzophenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 (CAS No. 131-55-5)				
 Butylparaben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl p- hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8) 				
 Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0) 				
 Deltamethrin / α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1α(S*),3α]]-3-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5) 				
Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7)				
 Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1) 				
 Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8) 				
 Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9) 				

Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3) Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7) Propylparaben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3) Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3) Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4) Tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) / 2- and 3-tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole / butylated hydroxyanisole / tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole (CAS No. 25013-16-5) Ziram (CAS No. 137-30-4) On 1 October 2022, the group of substances from List II above is extended to cover the full List II See the following link: List II: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrine-A substance which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called "Substances no longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer excluded. The exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a regulation or directive which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the Cosmetics Regulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been confirmed or suspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-bycase, based on the background information indicated on sub list II. Halogenated organic compounds Yes Nο Exemptions apply to: Bronopol (CAS No. 52-51-7) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.05% by weight Mixture (3:1) of CMIT/MIT (5 chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 247-500-7; 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 220-239-6) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.0015% by weight IPBC (lodopropynyl butylcarbamate) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.20% by weight Adhesives containing polychloroprene for production of mattresses and upholstered furniture if the emission of the rest monomer chloroprene (2chloro-1,3butadiene) is $\leq 1 \mu g/m3$ after 3 days, measured with the chamber method EN ISO 16000 or equivalent methods. The exception is not valid for mattresses designed for children. Isothiazolinones at a level of more than 0.05% by weight in the chemical product Yes No Butylhydroxytoluene (BHT, CAS No. 128-37-0) Yes Nο Aziridine and polyaziridines Yes П No П Bisphenol A, S and F Yes Alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates and other alkylphenol derivates Yes No Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as substances that release alkylphenols when they break down **Phthalates** Yes Nο Pigments and additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury, and Yes No their compounds Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons (VAH) at a level of more than 1% by weight in the Yes П No \Box chemical product

If yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where possible), chemical name and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the substance is an impurity or purposely added.

			_	
			_	
Requirement O23: Does the chemical product contain any nanomaterials according definition adopted by the European Commission on 18 October 2011	Yes		No	
2011/696/EU)? Definition: A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the particles in number or size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1–100 nm.				
Exemptions are made for:				
Pigments*				
Naturally occurring inorganic fillers**				
Synthetic amorphous silica***				
* This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.				
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH				
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.				
	or pu	rpos	ely ad	lded.
f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity	or pu	rpos	ely ao _ _ _	lded.
	or pu	rpos	ely ac 	lded.
	or pu	rpos	ely ac	dded.
f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity			- - - -	
Requirement O24: If the chemical product is an adhesive, does it contain VOC? VOC are defined as any organic compound having an initial boiling point less than or equal to 250°C measured at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (the same definition that appears in the VOC Directive 2004/42/EC).			- - - -	
f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement O24: If the chemical product is an adhesive, does it contain VOC? VOC are defined as any organic compound having an initial boiling point less than or equal to 250°C measured at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (the same definition that			- - - -	
Requirement O24: If the chemical product is an adhesive, does it contain VOC? VOC are defined as any organic compound having an initial boiling point less than or equal to 250°C measured at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (the same definition that appears in the VOC Directive 2004/42/EC). VOCs (volatile organic compounds) may not account for more than 3% by weight of the adhesive.			- - - -	
Requirement O24: If the chemical product is an adhesive, does it contain VOC? VOC are defined as any organic compound having an initial boiling point less than or equal to 250°C measured at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (the same definition that appears in the VOC Directive 2004/42/EC). VOCs (volatile organic compounds) may not account for more than 3% by weight of the adhesive.			- - - -	

Appendix 2 – Requirements for solid wood, cork and bamboo

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for solid wood, cork and bamboo are stated.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.5.1	O26	Chemicals in reused parts	Regardless of amount of solid wood in finished product	The requirement only applies if reused wood parts are used
1.5.1	O27	Tree species with restricted use	Regardless of amount of solid wood in finished product	
1.5.2	O28	Traceability and certification	More than 10% by weight of solid wood in finished product	

Appendix 3 – Requirements for wood-based panels

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for wood-based panels, e.g. chipboard or fibreboard (including MDF and HDF panels), are stated. The requirements also cover equivalent products made of bamboo.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.6	O29	Eco-labelled construction panels	-	If Nordic Swan Ecolabelled panels are used all requirements in chapter 1.6 are automatically fulfilled.
1.6.1	O30	Tree species with restricted use	Regardless of the weight of wood-based panels in finished product	
1.6.1	O31	Chemicals in wood-based panels with recycled materials	More than 5% by weight of wood-based panels in finished product	The requirement only applies if the panel contain recycled material.
1.6.1	O32-O36	Chemical requirements	More than 5% by weight of wood-based panels in finished product	The requirements must be met for all chemical used in the production of the woodbased panel. See Appendix 3a) for a summary of the requirements.
1.6.1	O37	Emission of formaldehyde	More than 5% by weight of wood-based panels in finished product	
1.6.2	O38	Traceability and certification of wood raw materials in panels	More than 5% by weight of wood-based panels in finished product	
1.6.2	O39	Energy requirements for wood-based panels	More than 10% by weight of wood-based panels in finished product	
1.6.2	O40	Emissions to water in wet process	More than 10% by weight of wood-based panels in finished product	

Appendix 3a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in the manufacturing of wood-based panels

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used in the manufacturing of wood-based panels must fulfil.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption, the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in a wood-based panel that is included in Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments.

Name of chemical product:				
Function of chemical product (e.g. adhesive):				
Ingoing substances and impurities are defined as follows:				
• Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, in preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substance ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ gen considered as ingoing substances.	s know	n to l	be rele	eased from
• Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from pro- raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents i catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for product over from other or previous production lines. Requirement O32: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the	produc l produ ncl. res	ct in e ect. E idues	concer xamp s of m	ntrations les of onomers,
classifications below?				
Exemptions applies to:				
 The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) 				
 The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0) if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. 				
Hazardous to the aquatic environment				
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes		No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes		No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes		No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes		No	
Acute toxicity				
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes		No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes		No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes		No	

Yes

Yes

Yes

No

No

No

H301 - Acute Tox 3

H311 - Acute Tox 3

H331 - Acute Tox 3

Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure			
H370 – STOT SE 1	Yes	No	
H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes	No	
Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes	No	
Germ cell mutagenic			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes	No	
Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes	No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes	No	
ausing the classification of the chemical product.		— —	
ausing the classification of the chemical product. Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which		_	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below?		- - -	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl			
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to:		_	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is			
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-			
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic	Yes	No	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.		No	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes		
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic	Yes		
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: • The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). • The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. • Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Yes Yes	No	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: • The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). • The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. • Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes Yes	No No	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction	Yes Yes	No No	
Requirement O33: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions apply to: The classification H351 for adhesive containing methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI). The classification H350 and H341 for adhesives containing formaldehyde (CAS No. 50-00-0), if the requirement to formaldehyde emission, which is regulated in a separate requirement, is fulfilled. Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7) classified H351 and 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS No. 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 — Carc. 1A or 1B H351 — Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 — Muta. 1A or 1B H341 — Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Yes Yes Yes	No No	

mpurity or pur	m, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the posely added.	e sub	stam	ce is a	an
				_	
				_	
				_	
				_	
Requirement O34: D substances?	oes the chemical product contain any of the following				
Substances on the Canttp://echa.europa.eu	andidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: /candidate-list-table)	Yes		No	
	been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative	Yes		No	
and Toxic) or vPvB (v criteria in Annex XIII o	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the of REACH				
Substances on the El	J member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III.	Yes		No	
See the following link	s:				
nttps://ediists.org/tne- eu and	ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-				
	ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-				
participating-national-		_			
l he following substar ₋ist II:	nces on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists",	Yes		No	
•	(±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-				
	methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4- methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9)				
•	2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-				
	phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS				
	No. 1675-54-3)				
•	4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4)				
•	Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-56-6)				
•	Benzophenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 (CAS No. 131-55-5)				
•	Butylparaben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8)				
•	Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0)				
•	Deltamethrin / α -cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1 α (S*),3 α]]-3-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5)				
•	Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7)				
•	Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1)				
•	Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8)				
•	Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9)				
•	Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3)				
•	Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-benzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7)				
•	Propylparaben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3)				
•	Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3)				
•	Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4)				

N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
N	0	
lle), obsta	No	No N

where, for 50% or more of the particles in number or size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1–100 nm.			
Exemptions are made for:			
Pigments*			
Naturally occurring inorganic fillers**			
Synthetic amorphous silica***			
* This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.			
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH			
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.			
f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurit		 _	
		 — —	
Requirement O36: If the chemical product is an adhesive, does it contain VOC?	Yes		
	Yes	No	

Appendix 4 – Requirements for paper

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for paper, e.g. paper braids/cords, are stated. There are other specific requirements for paper included in laminates such as HPL, see summary of the requirements for laminate in Appendix 5. The requirements do not apply to paper in packaging.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.7.1	O41	Tree species with restricted use	More than 5% by weight of paper in finished product	
1.7.1	O42	Traceability and certification of wood raw materials	More than 5% by weight of paper in finished product	
1.7.2	O43	Chemicals in the manufacture of pulp and paper	More than 5% by weight of paper in finished product	The requirements in Chemical Module for Nordic Ecolabelling of paper, Version 3 or subsequent versions must be fulfilled
1.7.2	O44	Organic fluorine compounds	More than 5% by weight of paper in finished product	
1.7.3	O45	Antibacterial substances	More than 5% by weight of paper in finished product	
1.7.3	O46-O49	Chemical requirements	More than 5% by weight of paper in finished product	See Appendix 4a) for a summary of the chemical requirements

Appendix 4a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used as surface treatment or additive in paper

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used as surface treatment or additive in paper must fulfil.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in paper that is included in Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments.

Name of chemical product:	
Function of chemical product:	

Ingoing substances and impurities are defined as follows:

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O46: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the classifications below?			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity			
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure			
H370 – STOT SE 1	Yes	No	
H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes	No	
Carcinogenic			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			

H351 – Carc. 2		_	No	
	Yes		No	
Germ cell mutagenic				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes		No	
Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes		No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes		No	
f yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where the case of the	-			
		absta	_	WIII
		absta	— —	WIII
		absta	— — —	WIIIC
ausing the classification of the chemical product. Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of the chemical product.		ubsta		WIIIC
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic	which	ubsta		Willia
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	which			
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	which 1. Yes			
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances vare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2	which			
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic	which 1. Yes			
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	which 1. Yes			
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic	which 1. Yes Yes		No No	
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction	which 1. Yes Yes		No No	
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	which 1. Yes Yes		No No	
Requirement O47: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances of are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption is given for titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H35 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	which 1. Yes Yes Yes Yes		No No No	

Requirement O48: Does the o substances?	chemical product contain any of the following			
Substances on the Candidate I http://echa.europa.eu/candidate	List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: e-list-table)	Yes	No	
Substances that have been eva and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persis criteria in Annex XIII of REACH	Yes	No		
	r state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III.	Yes	No	
See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/lis	st-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-			
eu and				
https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list participating-national-authoritie	st-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by- s			
The following substances on the List II:	e EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists",	Yes	No	
methylp	7-trimethyl-3-[(4- ohenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4- oenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9)			
phenyle epoxipr	-methylethylidene)bis(4,1- eneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3- opoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS 75-54-3)			
4-tert-b	utylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4)			
• Benzop 131-56-	ohenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No. 1-6)			
	ohenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 lo. 131-55-5)			
	raben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl p- /benzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8)			
Carbon	disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0)			
	ethrin / α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1α(S*),3α]]-3-(2,2-ovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 63-5)			
Dicyclo	hexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7)			
• Diuron	(CAS No. 330-54-1)			
Ethyl 4-	-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8)			
	alate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl te (CAS No. 118-56-9)			
	paraben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl p- ybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3)			
	nzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxy- henone (CAS No. 131-57-7)			
	paraben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl p- ybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3)			
Resorce	inol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3)			
	tyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS 34-04-4)			
hydroxy	tyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) / 2- and 3-tert-butyl-4- yanisole / butylated hydroxyanisole / tert-butyl-4- yanisole (CAS No. 25013-16-5)			
• Ziram (CAS No. 137-30-4)			
On 1 October 2022, the group full List II.	of substances from List II above is extended to cover the			
See the following link:				
List II: https://edlists.org/the-eddisruption	-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrine-			

A substance which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called "Substances no longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer excluded. The exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a regulation or directive which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the Cosmetics Regulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been confirmed or suspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-bycase, based on the background information indicated on sub list II.			
Halogenated organic compounds	Yes	No	
Exemptions apply to:			
 Bronopol (CAS No. 52-51-7) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.05% by weight 			
 Mixture (3:1) of CMIT/MIT (5 chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 247-500-7; 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 220-239-6) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.0015% by weight 			
 IPBC (lodopropynyl butylcarbamate) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.20% by weight 			
 Halogenated organic pigments that comply with the Council of Europe recommendation "Resolution AP (89) 1 on the use of colorants in plastic materials coming into contact with food", point 2.5 			
Isothiazolinones at a level of more than 0.05% by weight in the chemical product	Yes	No	
Butylhydroxytoluene (BHT, CAS No. 128-37-0)	Yes	No	
Aziridine and polyaziridines	Yes	No	
Bisphenol A, S and F	Yes	No	
Alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates and other alkylphenol derivates	Yes	No	
Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as substances that release alkylphenols when they break down			
Phthalates	Yes	No	
Pigments and additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury, and their compounds	Yes	No	
Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons (VAH) at a level of more than 1% by weight in the chemical product	Yes	No	
If yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where pand level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the mpurity or purposely added.			
Requirement O49: Does the chemical product contain any nanomaterials according to definition adopted by the European Commission on 18 October 2011 (2011/696/EU)?	Yes	No	
Definition: A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the particles in number or size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1–100 nm.			
Exemptions are made for:			
• Pigments*			
Naturally occurring inorganic fillers**			

- Synthetic amorphous silica***
- * This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.
- ** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH
- ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.

If yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity or purposely a	added

Appendix 5 - Requirements for laminate

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for laminate are stated. The requirements apply for different types of laminate, e.g. direct pressure laminate (melamine), High Pressure Laminate (HPL), Continuous Pressure Laminate (CPL) and compact laminate. The requirements apply only to the laminate itself. Small parts of laminate such as lists are excluded and do not have to meet the requirements except for O50 Antibacterial substances.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.8	O50	Nordic Swan Ecolabelled laminate	-	If Nordic Swan Ecolabelled laminate is used all requirements in chapter 1.8 are automatically fulfilled
1.8	O51	Antibacterial substances	Regardless of amount of laminate in finished product	This requirement also applies to small parts of laminate
1.8	O52-O55	Chemical requirements	Regardless of amount of laminate in finished product	The requirements must be met for all chemical requirements used when manufacturing the laminate. See Appendix 5a) for a summary of
1.8	O56	Requirements for emissions	Regardless of amount of laminate in finished product	the requirements.
1.8.1	O57	Energy consumption in the manufacture of laminate	More than 10% by weight of laminate in finished product	
1.8.2	O58	Tree species with restricted use		
1.8.2	O59	Wood fibre in paper	More than 30% by	The requirements only apply to the
1.8.2	O60	Emissions of COD from paper and pulp production	weight of laminate in finished product	kraft paper in the laminate
1.8.2	O61	Energy consumption in paper and pulp production		

Appendix 5a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in the manufacturing of laminate

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used in the manufacturing of laminate, e.g. resin, must fulfil. The requirements do not apply to chemical products used for the manufacture of paper and for printing patterns on decor paper.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in laminate that is included in Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments.

Name of chemical product:

Function of chemical product (e.g. resin):

Ingoing	g substances and impurities are defined as follows:
•	Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
•	Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.
_	ement O52: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the cations below?
Exempt	ions apply to:
•	Classifications H341, H301 and H331 for resins containing a maximum of 10% by weight of phenol (CAS number 108-95-2).
•	Classifications H350, H341, H301, H311 and H331 for resins containing formaldehyde (CAS number 50-00-0). Emissions of formaldehyde from the laminate are regulated in a separate requirement.
•	Classifications H301, H311, H331 and H370 for resins containing a maximum of 10% by weight of methanol (CAS number 67-56-1).
•	Classifications H351 and H361 for resins containing melamine (CAS number 108-78-1).
•	UV-curing products are exempted from classification H411 under the following conditions: There must be a controlled closed process where no discharge to drains takes place. Spills and residual waste (e.g., residues from cleaning) must be collected in containers approved for hazardous waste and handled by a waste contractor.
Hazard	ous to the aquatic environment
11400	Associate Associated

Yes

H410 - Aquatic Chronic 1

H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity			
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure			
H370 – STOT SE 1	Yes	No	
H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes	No	
Carcinogenic			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes	No	
Germ cell mutagenic			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes	No	
Toxic for reproduction			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes	No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes	No	

If yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where possible), chemical name	ıe
and level (in ppm, $\%$ by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing substance/substances which	is
causing the classification of the chemical product.	

Requirement O53: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below?

Exemption applies to:

- the classifications H350 and H341 for resins containing formaldehyde (CAS number 50-00-0). Emissions of formaldehyde are regulated in a separate requirement.
- the classification H341 for resins containing a maximum of 10% by weight of phenol (CAS number 108-95-2).
- the classifications H351 and H361 for resins containing melamine (CAS number 108-78-1).
- Titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351
- 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361

Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 − Carc. 1A or 1B Yes □ No H351 − Carc. 2 Yes □ No Germ cell mutagenic	
<u> </u>	
Germ cell mutagenic	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B Yes □ No	
H341 − Muta. 2 Yes □ No	
Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	
H360 − Repr. 1A or 1B Yes □ No	
H361 − Repr. 2 Yes □ No	
H362 − Lact. Yes □ No	
Requirement O54: Does the chemical product contain any of the following substances?	
Substances on the Candidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: Yes \(\subseteq \text{No http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table} \)	
· ·	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. Yes No See the following links:	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. Yes No	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. Yes No See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. Yes No See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-eu and https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. Yes No See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-eu and https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-participating-national-authorities The following substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", Yes No List II:	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-eu and https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-participating-national-authorities The following substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", Yes No List II: • (±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylphenyl)methylene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9)	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative Yes	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-eu and https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-participating-national-authorities The following substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List II: (±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylphenylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9) 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS)	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. Yes No See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-eu and https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-participating-national-authorities The following substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", Yes No List II: • (±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylphenyl)methylene]biscyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylphenyl)methylene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)biscyclone / 4-methyleneoxymethylene)biscyclone / 4-methyleneoxymethylene	
http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table) Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-eu and https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-participating-national-authorities The following substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", Yes No List II: • (±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9) • 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS No. 1675-54-3) • 4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4) • Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No.	

Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0) Deltamethrin / α -cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1 α (S*),3 α]]-3-(2,2dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5) Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7) Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1) Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8) Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9) Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3) Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7) Propylparaben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3) Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3) Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4) Tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) / 2- and 3-tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole / butylated hydroxyanisole / tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole (CAS No. 25013-16-5) Ziram (CAS No. 137-30-4) On 1 October 2022, the group of substances from List II above is extended to cover the full List II. See the following link: List II: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrinedisruption A substance which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called "Substances no longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer excluded. The exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a regulation or directive which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the Cosmetics Regulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been confirmed or suspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-bycase, based on the background information indicated on sub list II. Halogenated organic compounds Yes П No Exemptions apply to: Bronopol (CAS No. 52-51-7) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.05% by weight Mixture (3:1) of CMIT/MIT (5 chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 247-500-7; 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 220-239-6) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.0015% by weight IPBC (lodopropynyl butylcarbamate) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.20% by weight Isothiazolinones at a level of more than 0.05% by weight in the chemical product Yes Nο П Butylhydroxytoluene (BHT, CAS No. 128-37-0) Yes П No Aziridine and polyaziridines Yes No П \Box Bisphenol A, S and F Yes No Alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates and other alkylphenol derivates Yes No Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as substances that release alkylphenols when they break down **Phthalates** Yes П Nο Pigments and additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury, and Yes П No \Box their compounds

Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons (VAH) at a level of more than 1% by weight in the

chemical product

Yes

No

mpurity or purposely added.			_	
			_	
Requirement O55: Does the chemical product contain any nanomaterials according to definition adopted by the European Commission on 18 October 2011 (2011/696/EU)?	Yes		No	
Definition: A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the particles in number or size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1–100 nm.				
Exemptions are made for:				
• Pigments*				
Naturally occurring inorganic fillers**				
Synthetic amorphous silica***				
* This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.				
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.				
This applies to unmounted synthetic amorphous sinca.				
f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity	or pu	rpose	ely ac	lded.
			_	
			_	

Appendix 6 – Requirements for surface treatment of wood, wood-based panels and laminate

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for surface treatment of wood, wood-based panels and laminate are stated.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.9	O62	Antibacterial substances	Regardless of amount of surface treated parts in finished product	
1.9	O63-O68, beside O64	Chemical products	Regardless of amount of surface treated parts in finished product	The requirements must be met for all chemical products in the surface treatment system. See Appendix 6a) for a summary of the requirements.
1.9	O64	UV curing surface treatment system	Regardless of amount of surface treated parts in finished product	The requirement only applies to UV curing surface treatment systems
1.9.1	O69	Quantity applied and application method	More than 5% by weight of surface treated parts in finished product	
1.9.1	O70	Quantity of applied volatile organic compounds (VOC)	More than 5% by weight of surface treated parts in finished product	

Appendix 6a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used for surface treatment of wood, wood-based panels and laminate

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used for surface treatment of wood, wood-based panels and laminate must fulfil.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in surface treatment systems for Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments. Beside the requirements in this appendix the total amount of applied VOC must also meet requirement O69.

Name of chemical product:	
Function of chemical product: _	

Ingoing substances and impurities are defined as follows:

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O63: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the classifications below?			
Exemption apply to UV-curing surface treatment products classified as environmentally hazardous if requirement O63 is met.			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity			
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure			

H370 – STOT SE 1	Yes		No	
H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes		No	
Respiratory sensitisation				
H334 – Resp. Sens. 1, 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
Carcinogenic				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes		No	
Germ cell mutagenic including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes		No	
Toxic for reproduction including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes		No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes		No	
nd level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing s	substance/s	ubsta	ances — —	whic
nd level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing sausing the classification of the chemical product.		ubsta	ances — — —	whic
nd level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing sausing the classification of the chemical product. Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances we		ubsta	ances — — —	which
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing satusing the classification of the chemical product. Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances were classified according to any of the classifications below?		ubsta	ances	which
nd level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing sausing the classification of the chemical product. Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances ware classified according to any of the classifications below?		absta	ances — — —	whic
Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances varied according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to:		absta	ances	which
Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances vare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: photo initiators classified H351, H341 or H361		ubsta	ances — — —	which
Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances ware classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • photo initiators classified H351, H341 or H361 • titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351	which	ubsta	ances	which
Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances vare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: photo initiators classified H351, H341 or H361 titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 Trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified	which	ubsta	ances — — —	which
 titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 Trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified Carc 2, H351 	which d as kers are mixing rkers	ubsta	ances	whic
Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances ware classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: photo initiators classified H351, H341 or H361 titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 Trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified Carc 2, H351 mequinol (CAS no. 150-76-5) classified H361 The hardener in 2-component UV products can be exempted from the requirement if the following is met: it must be documented that the work not exposed to the components, e.g. by using safety equipment when ror that the mixing takes place automatically without exposure of the wo and that the application of the finished two-component system is done in	which d as kers are mixing rkers	ubsta	ances	which
Requirement O65: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances was a classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: photo initiators classified H351, H341 or H361 titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 Trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified Carc 2, H351 mequinol (CAS no. 150-76-5) classified H361 The hardener in 2-component UV products can be exempted from the requirement if the following is met: it must be documented that the work not exposed to the components, e.g. by using safety equipment when ror that the mixing takes place automatically without exposure of the wo and that the application of the finished two-component system is done in closed system. Carcinogenic	which d as kers are mixing rkers	ubsta	ances No	whic

H340 – Muta. 1A or 1	В	Yes	No	
H341 – Muta. 2		Yes	No	
Toxic for reproduction including all combinate	on tions of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1I	В	Yes	No	
H361 – Repr. 2		Yes	No	
H362 - Lact.		Yes	No	
•	he questions above, state the CAS no. (where pom, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the posely added.			
Requirement OSS: D	oes the chemical product contain any of the following		_	
substances?		Yes	 No	
http://echa.europa.eu/	andidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: /candidate-list-table)	res	NO	Ш
	been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative ery Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the of REACH	Yes	No	
See the following links https://edlists.org/the- eu and https://edlists.org/the-	ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-	Yes	No	
	authorities uses on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists",	Yes	No	
List II:	(±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9) 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-			
•	phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS No. 1675-54-3)			
•	4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4)			
•	Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-56-6)			
•	Benzophenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 (CAS No. 131-55-5)			
•	Butylparaben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8)			
•	Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0)			
•	Deltamethrin / α -cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1 α (S*),3 α]]-3-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5)			
•	Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7)			
•	Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1)			

Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8)

Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9) Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3) Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7) Propylparaben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3) Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3) Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4) Tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) / 2- and 3-tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole / butylated hydroxyanisole / tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole (CAS No. 25013-16-5) Ziram (CAS No. 137-30-4) On 1 October 2022, the group of substances from List II above is extended to cover the full List II. See the following link: List II: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrinedisruption A substance which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called "Substances no longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer excluded. The exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a regulation or directive which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the Cosmetics Regulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been confirmed or suspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-bycase, based on the background information indicated on sub list II. Halogenated organic compounds Yes No Exemptions apply to: Bronopol (CAS No. 52-51-7) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.05% by weight Mixture (3:1) of CMIT/MIT (5 chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 247-500-7; 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 220-239-6) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.0015% by weight IPBC (lodopropynyl butylcarbamate) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.20% by weight Halogenated organic pigments that comply with the Council of Europe recommendation "Resolution AP (89) 1 on the use of colorants in plastic materials coming into contact with food", point 2.5 Epoxy acrylate used in UV curing coatings Isothiazolinones at a level of more than 0.05% by weight in the chemical product Yes No П Butylhydroxytoluene (BHT, CAS No. 128-37-0) Yes No Aziridine and polyaziridines Yes No Exemption is given for aziridine/polyaziridine if the substance is not classified as carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic for reproduction from any manufacturer or in ECHA. Bisphenol A, S and F Yes П Nο П Bisphenol A used in the production of epoxy acrylate is not covered by the requirement. Alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates and other alkylphenol derivates Yes No Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as substances that release alkylphenols when they break down **Phthalates** Yes Nο

Pigments and additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury, and

Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons (VAH) at a level of more than 1% by weight in the

their compounds

chemical product

П

П

No

No

Yes

Yes

П

П

npurity or purposely added.				
			_	
			_	
			_	
Requirement O67: Does the chemical product contain any nanomaterials according to definition adopted by the European Commission on 18 October 2011 (2011/696/EU)?	Yes		No	
Definition: A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material				
containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the particles in number or size distribution, one or more				
external dimensions is in the size range 1–100 nm.				
Exemptions are made for:				
• Pigments*				
Naturally occurring inorganic fillers**				
Synthetic amorphous silica***				
* This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.				
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.	or pu	rpose	ely ac	lded
*** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity	or pu	rpos	ely ac	lded.
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.	or pu	rpose	ely ac _ _ _	lded.
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.	or pu	rpose	ely ac _ _ _ _	lded.
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.	or pur	rpose	ely ac	lded.
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity				
***This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement O68: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm).				
***This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement 068: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface				
***This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement 068: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm). f yes, state the % by weight of formaldehyde:				
***This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement O68: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm).	Yes		No	
***This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement 068: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm). f yes, state the % by weight of formaldehyde: Does the chemical product contain VOC?	Yes		No	

Appendix 7 – Requirements for metal (steel and aluminium)

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for metal (steel and aluminium) are stated. Small parts consisting of metal and weighing less than 100 grams are exempted from all requirements in this chapter except requirement O70. The requirements of this chapter do not apply to metal that is part of electric or electronic components.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.10	071	Copper, tin, lead and cadmium	Regardless of amount of metal in finished product	This requirement also applies to small parts that weigh less than 100 gram
1.10.1	072	Chrome, nickel and zinc plating	Regardless of amount of metal in finished product	The requirement only applies to metal parts that are plated with chromium, nickel or zink
1.10.2	073-077	Chemical products	Regardless of amount of surface treated metal in finished product	The requirement only applies to metal parts that are surface treated and not covered by requirement O71, e.g. powdercoated parts.
				See Appendix 7a) for a summary of the chemical requirements.
1.10.2	O78	Quantity applied and application method	More than 5% by weight of surface treated metal in finished product	The requirement only applies to metal parts that are surface treated and not covered by requirement O71, e.g. powdercoated parts.
1.10.3	O79	Quantity of applied volatile organic compounds (VOC)	More than 5% by weight of surface treated metal in finished product	The requirement only applies to metal parts that are surface treated and not covered by requirement O71, e.g. powdercoated parts.
1.10.3	O80	Production of steel	More than 30% by weight of steel in finished product	Either alternative A) or B) in the requirement must be fulfilled
1.10.3	O81	Production of Aluminium	More than 10% by weight of aluminium in finished product	Either alternative A) or B) in the requirement must be fulfilled

Appendix 7a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used for surface treatment of metal, e.g. powder coating

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used for surface treatment of metal must fulfil. The requirements apply to surface treatments such as powder coating, not plating of metal with chromium, nickel or zink.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in surface treatment systems for Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments. Beside the requirements in this appendix the total amount of applied VOC must also meet requirement O78.

Name of chemical product:	
Function of chemical product: _	

Ingoing substances and impurities are defined as follows:

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O73: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the classifications below?			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity			
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure			

H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes		No	
Respiratory sensitisation				
H334 – Resp. Sens. 1, 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
Carcinogenic				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes		No	
Germ cell mutagenic				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Voo		No	
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes		No	
Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes	П	No	П
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes		No	
H362 – Lact.	Yes		No	
	ince/si	ıbsta	ances 	whic
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing substa- causing the classification of the chemical product.	ince/si	ubsta	ances 	whic
	ince/su	ıbsta	ances 	whic
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which	ince/su	ubsta	inces	whic
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below?	ince/su	ubsta	ances	whic
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to:	ince/su	ıbsta	ances	which
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351	ince/su	ıbsta	ances	whic
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic	Yes	ıbsta	nnces	whice
Requirement 074: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic	Yes		No	
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Yes Yes		No No	
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes Yes		No No	
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction	Yes Yes		No No	
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Yes Yes Yes		No No No	
Requirement O74: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes Yes Yes		No No No No	

•	he questions above, state the CAS no. (where pon, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the bosely added.		, .		
				_	
				_	
				_	
				_	
Requirement O75: Do	oes the chemical product contain any of the following				
Substances on the Ca http://echa.europa.eu/	indidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: candidate-list-table)	Yes		No	
Substances that have	been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative	Yes		No	
and Toxic) or vPvB (ve criteria in Annex XIII o	ery Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the fREACH	_			
	I member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III.	Yes		No	
	s: ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-				
eu and	ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-				
participating-national-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
The following substandist II:	ces on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists",	Yes		No	
•	(±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-				
	methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4- methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9)				
•	2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-				
	phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS				
_	No. 1675-54-3)				
•	4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4) Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No.				
•	131-56-6)				
•	Benzophenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 (CAS No. 131-55-5)				
•	Butylparaben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8)				
•	Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0)				
•	Deltamethrin / α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1α(S*),3α]]-3-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5)				
•	Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7)				
•	Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1)				
•	Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8)				
•	Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9)				
•	Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3)				
•	Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-benzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7)				
•	Propylparaben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3)				
•	Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3)				
•	Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4)				

On 1 October full List II.	2022, the group of substances from List II above is extended to cover the				
See the follow	ing link:				
	edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrine-				
"Substances in excluded. The regulation or of Cosmetics Re- confirmed or s	which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called to longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a lirective which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the gulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been uspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-by-in the background information indicated on sub list II.				
	organic compounds	Yes	П	No	
Exemptions a		169	Ш	INO	
• Broi	nopol (CAS No. 52-51-7) may be present in the chemical product at a level of more than 0.05% by weight				
247	ure (3:1) of CMIT/MIT (5 chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No500-7; 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 220-239-6) may be present e chemical product at a level of not more than 0.0015% by weight				
	C (lodopropynyl butylcarbamate) may be present in the chemical product level of not more than 0.20% by weight				
reco	ogenated organic pigments that comply with the Council of Europe Immendation "Resolution AP (89) 1 on the use of colorants in plastic Perials coming into contact with food", point 2.5				
Isothiazolinone	es at a level of more than 0.05% by weight in the chemical product	Yes		No	
Butylhydroxyto	oluene (BHT, CAS No. 128-37-0)	Yes		No	
Aziridine and	polyaziridines	Yes		No	
Bisphenol A, S	and F	Yes		No	
Exemption is g	given for bisphenol A as a residual monomer in powder coating.				
	alkylphenol ethoxylates and other alkylphenol derivates erivatives are defined as substances that release alkylphenols when they	Yes		No	
Phthalates		Yes	П	No	
Pigments and their compoun	additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury, and ds	Yes		No	
Volatile aroma	tic hydrocarbons (VAH) at a level of more than 1% by weight in the uct	Yes		No	
and level (i	y of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where po n ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the purposely added.				

(2011/696/EU)? Definition: A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the particles in number or size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1–100 nm. Exemptions are made for: Pigments* Naturally occurring inorganic fillers** Synthetic amorphous silica*** Aluminium oxide * This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.			
 Pigments* Naturally occurring inorganic fillers** Synthetic amorphous silica*** Aluminium oxide 			
 Naturally occurring inorganic fillers** Synthetic amorphous silica*** Aluminium oxide 			
 Synthetic amorphous silica*** Aluminium oxide 			
Aluminium oxide			
* This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.			
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH			
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.		 	
Requirement O77: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm).	⁄es	No	
The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface	⁄es	No	
The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm).	⁄es Ja	No Nei	
The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm). f yes, state the % by weight of formaldehyde:			

Appendix 8 – Requirements for plastic, rubber and silicone

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for plastic, rubber and silicone are stated. Polymer materials used as padding materials, e.g. polyurethane foam and textiles are not covered by the requirements below. These materials must fulfil relevant requirements in the chapters for padding material and textile. Small plastic parts (e.g. screws, staples and fasteners) weighing less than 100 g are not covered by the requirements. Electrical and electronic components, e.g. cables in height-adjustable tables and adjustable beds are also not covered by the requirements

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.11.1	O82	Types of plastic and reinforcement	Regardless of amount of plastic in finished product	
1.11.1	O83	Labelling	Regardless of amount of plastic in finished product	
1.11.1	O84	Bio-based plastics	Regardless of amount of plastic in finished product	The requirement only applies if there are parts of biobased plastic in the product
1.11.1	O85	Raw materials for bio-based polymers	Regardless of amount of plastic or rubber in finished product	The requirement only applies if there are parts of biobased polymers in the product
1.11.1	O86	Nitrosamines in rubber	Regardless of amount of rubber in finished product	
1.11.2	O87	Chemicals in recycled plastics	Regardless of amount of plastic in finished product	The requirement only applies if there are parts of recycled plastics in the product
1.11.2	O88	Chemicals in reused plastics	Regardless of amount of plastic in finished product	The requirement only applies if there are parts of reused plastics in the product
1.11.2	O89-O90	Chemical requirements - additives	Regardless of amount of plastic, rubber or silicone in finished product	See Appendix 8a) for a summary of the requirements
1.11.3	O91	Surface treatment	Regardless of amount of surface treated plastic in finished product	The requirement only appplies if there are surface treated plastic parts in the product

1.11.3	O92-O96	Chemical requirements – surface treatment	Regardless of amount of surface treated plastic in finished product	The requirement only appplies if there are surface treated plastic parts in the product. See Appendix 8b) for a summary of the requirements.
1.11.3	O97	Quantity of applied volatile organic compounds (VOC)	More than 5% by weight of surface treated plastic in finished product	The requirement only appplies if there are surface treated plastic parts in the product.
1.11.4	O98	Recycled/biobased plastics	More than 10% by weight of plastic in finished product	The requirement has two different requirement levels depending of if the product contain more than 10% by weight or 30% by weight plastic.

Appendix 8a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used as additives in the production of plastic, rubber or silicone

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used as additives in the production of plastic, rubber or silicone must fulfil. The requirement applies to additives actively added to the polymer raw material in the master batch or compound in production of plastic, rubber or silicone.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in plastic, rubber or silicone that is included in Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments.

Name of chemical product:	
Function of chemical product:	

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O89: Does the chemical product contain any of the following substances?			
Substances on the Candidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)	Yes	No	
The following applies to the siloxanes D4, D5 and D6: D4 (CAS No. 556-67-2), D5 (CAS No. 541-02-6) or D6 (CAS No. 540-97-6) must only be included in the form of residues from raw material production and is permitted for each in quantities up to 1000 ppm in the silicone raw material (chemical).			
Substances that have been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) or vPvB (very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII of REACH	Yes	No	
Substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-eu and	Yes	No	
https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-participating-national-authorities			
The following substances on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List II:	Yes	No	

(±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9) 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS No. 1675-54-3) 4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4) Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-56-6) Benzophenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 (CAS No. 131-55-5) Butylparaben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8) Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0) Deltamethrin / α -cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1 α (S*),3 α]]-3-(2,2dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5) Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7) Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1) Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8) Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9) Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3) Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7) Propylparaben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3) Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3) Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4) Tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) / 2- and 3-tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole / butylated hydroxyanisole / tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole (CAS No. 25013-16-5) Ziram (CAS No. 137-30-4) On 1 October 2022, the group of substances from List II above is extended to cover the See the following link: List II: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrine-A substance which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called "Substances no longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer excluded. The exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a regulation or directive which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the Cosmetics Regulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been confirmed or suspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-bycase, based on the background information indicated on sub list II. Halogenated organic compounds Yes П Nο Exemption is given for halogenated organic pigments that comply with the Council of Europe recommendation "Resolution AP (89) 1 on the use of colorants in plastic materials coming into contact with food", point 2.5 Aziridine and polyazidirines Yes No Aziridin og polyaziridiner Yes Nο

П

No

No

Yes

Yes

П

full List II.

disruption

Bisphenols

Alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates and other alkylphenol derivates

	Yes	No	
Pigments and additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury, and heir compounds	Yes	No	
f yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where nd level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether mpurity or purposely added.	-		
		_ _ _	
Requirement O90: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemptions applies to:			
• titanium dioxide (CAS number 13463-67-7) classified H351			
1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS number 77-99-6) classified H361			
Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes	No	
Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes	No	
Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
	Yes	No	
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	V	No	
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B H361 – Repr. 2	Yes		

Appendix 8b) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used for surface treatment of plastic

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used for surface treatment of plastic must fulfil.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in surface treatment systems for Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments. Beside the requirements in this appendix the total amount of applied VOC must also meet requirement O97.

Plastic edge bands are exempted requirements for surface treatment (appendix 8b).

Name of chemical product:	
Function of chemical product: _	

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O92: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the classifications below?			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity			
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	

Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure	Yes	П	No	
H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes	П	No	
Respiratory sensitisation				
H334 – Resp. Sens. 1, 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
Carcinogenic				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes		No	
Germ cell mutagenic				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes		No	
Toxic for reproduction				
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.		_		_
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes		No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes		No	
nd level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing su	-			
f yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (when and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing suausing the classification of the chemical product.	-			
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing su	-			
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing su	-			
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing su	-			
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing su	ıbstance/su			
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing subausing the classification of the chemical product. Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances what are classified according to any of the classifications below?	ıbstance/su			
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing subausing the classification of the chemical product. Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances where classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to:	ıbstance/su			
Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances whare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351	nbstance/su			
Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances whare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified a	nbstance/su			
Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances whare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified a Carc 2, H351	nbstance/su			
Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances whare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified a Carc 2, H351 mequinol (CAS no. 150-76-5) classified H361 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	nbstance/su			
Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances whare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified a Carc 2, H351 mequinol (CAS no. 150-76-5) classified H361 Carcinogenic	nich	ıbsta	ances	whi
Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances whare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified a Carc 2, H351 mequinol (CAS no. 150-76-5) classified H361 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	nich Yes	ıbsta	No	whi
Requirement O93: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances whare classified according to any of the classifications below? Exemption applies to: • titanium dioxide (CAS no. 13463-67-7) classified H351 • 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane (TMP, CAS no. 77-99-6) classified H361 • trimethylolpropane triacrylate (TMPTA, CAS no. 15625-89-5) classified a Carc 2, H351 • mequinol (CAS no. 150-76-5) classified H361 Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic	nich Yes	ıbsta	No	whi

is

Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes	No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes	No	

H362 – Lact.		Yes	No	
•	ne questions above, state the CAS no. (where pon, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether thosely added.			
			_ _ _ _	
Requirement O94: Do	pes the chemical product contain any of the following		 	
Substances on the Car http://echa.europa.eu/o	ndidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: candidate-list-table)	Yes	No	
	been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative ery Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the f REACH	Yes	No	
See the following links: https://edlists.org/the-e eu and https://edlists.org/the-e participating-national-a	ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-authorities	Yes	No	
The following substand List II:	ces on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists",	Yes	No	
•	(±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9)			
•	2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS No. 1675-54-3)			
•	4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4)			
•	Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-56-6)			
•	Benzophenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 (CAS No. 131-55-5)			
•	Butylparaben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8)			
•	Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0)			
•	Deltamethrin / α -cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1 α (S*),3 α]]-3-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5)			
•	Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7)			
•	Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1)			
•	Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8)			
•	Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9)			

Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3) Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7) Propylparaben / propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-propyl phydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3) Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3) Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4) Tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) / 2- and 3-tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole / butylated hydroxyanisole / tert-butyl-4hydroxyanisole (CAS No. 25013-16-5) Ziram (CAS No. 137-30-4) On 1 October 2022, the group of substances from List II above is extended to cover the full List II See the following link: List II: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrinedisruption A substance which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called "Substances no longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer excluded. The exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a regulation or directive which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the Cosmetics Regulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been confirmed or suspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-bycase, based on the background information indicated on sub list II. Halogenated organic compounds Yes Nο Exemptions apply to: Bronopol (CAS No. 52-51-7) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.05% by weight Mixture (3:1) of CMIT/MIT (5 chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 247-500-7; 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one CAS No. 220-239-6) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.0015% by weight IPBC (lodopropynyl butylcarbamate) may be present in the chemical product at a level of not more than 0.20% by weight Halogenated organic pigments that comply with the Council of Europe recommendation "Resolution AP (89) 1 on the use of colorants in plastic materials coming into contact with food", point 2.5 Isothiazolinones at a level of more than 0.05% by weight in the chemical product Yes No Butylhydroxytoluene (BHT, CAS No. 128-37-0) Yes Nο Aziridine and polyaziridines Yes No Bisphenol A. S and F Yes П Nο П Alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates and other alkylphenol derivates Yes No П Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as substances that release alkylphenols when they break down Phthalates Yes П No Pigments and additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury, and Yes Nο their compounds Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons (VAH) at a level of more than 1% by weight in the Yes No chemical product

If yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where possible), chemical name and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the substance is an impurity or purposely added.

			_	
Requirement O95: Does the chemical product contain any nanomaterials according definition adopted by the European Commission on 18 October 2011	Yes		No	
(2011/696/EU)? Definition: A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the particles in number or size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1–100 nm.				
Exemptions are made for:				
Pigments*				
Naturally occurring inorganic fillers**				
Synthetic amorphous silica***				
* This exception does not include pigments added for purposes other than colour.				
,				
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH				
** This applies to fillers covered by Annex V item 7 of REACH ***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity	or pu	rpos	ely ac	lded.
•	or pu	rpos	ely ao 	lded.
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.	or pu	rpos	ely ac 	lded.
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica.	or pu	rpos	ely ac	lded.
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity				
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement O96: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface	Yes			
f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement O96: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm). f yes, state the % by weight of formaldehyde:	Yes			
***This applies to unmodified synthetic amorphous silica. f yes, state which type of nanomaterial and if it is an impurity Requirement O96: Does the chemical product contain free formaldehyde? The content of free formaldehyde in each individual chemical product used for surface treatment must not exceed 0.2% by weight (2000 ppm). f yes, state the % by weight of formaldehyde:	Yes		No	

Appendix 9 – Requirements for textile

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for textile are stated. The requirements apply to textiles made of both synthetic and natural fibres. There are different sets of requirements for textiles depending on the amount in the product and the purpose.

Requirements that apply regardless of the amount of textile in finished product:

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Comment
1.12.1	O99	Material composition	
1.12.1	O100	Ecolabelled textile	Textile that is ecolabelled with the Nordic Swan Ecolabel automatically fulfil all requirements in the chapter. Textile that is ecolabelled with the EU Ecolabel fulfil all requirements beside O105 and O107 if the textile contain flame retardants.
1.12.1	O101	Material limits	The requirement gives information of which smaller textile parts that are not covered by the requirements in the chapter.
1.12.1	O102	Metal details	The requirement only applies if the product contain details of metal, e.g. buttons or zippers.

Requirements that applies to cover/upholstery on seating furniture (sofas, chairs, benches, etc.), mattress cover (including intermediate mattress in continental beds) and cover on bed frame and headboard:

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Comment
1.12.2	O103	Oeko-Tex 100 certified textile	Textiles must be Oeko-Tex 100, class I or II certified.
1.12.2	O104	Biocides and antibacterial substances	
1.12.2	O105	Flame retardants	
1.12.2	O106	Coatings, laminates and membranes	The requirement only applies if the textile has a coating, laminate or membrane.
1.12.2	O107	Classification of chemical products – production of textile (chemicals use in dying plants-/houses)	The requirement apply to chemical products used in dying plants/-houses.
1.12.3	O108	Cotton	The requirement only applies if the textile contain cotton fibres in more than 10% by weight
1.12.3	O109	Flax and other bast fibres	The requirement only applies if the textile contain flax and other bast fibres in more than 10% by weight
1.12.3	O110	Wool and other keratin fibres	The requirement only applies if the textile contain wool and other keratin fibres in more than 10% by weight

1.12.3	O111	Ban on mulesing	The requirement only applies if the textile contain merino wool
1.12.3	O112	Synthetic fibres	The requirement only applies if the textile contain synthetic fibres (recycled, acrylic, polyamide, polyester or polypropylene) in more than 10% by weight
1.12.3	O113	Regenerated cellulose (for example, lyocell)	The requirement only applies if the textile contain regenerated cellulose in more than 10% by weight
1.12.3	O114	Regenerated cellulose - tree species	The requirement only applies if the textile contain regenerated cellulose in more than 10% by weight
1.12.3	O115	Traceability and certified raw materials	The requirement only applies if the textile contain regenerated cellulose in more than 50% by weight
1.12.3	O116	Recycled fibres, test for environmentally harmful substances	The requirement only applies if the textile contain recycled fibres in more than 10% by weight

Quality requirements that applies to cover/upholstery on seating furniture/headbords (1.12.4), coated materials (1.12.5) and mattress covers (1.12.6):

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Comment
1.12.4	O117	Dimensional changes after washing and drying	The requirement applies to textiles that can be removed and washed
1.12.4	O118	Colour fastness to light	The requirement does not apply to white textiles
1.12.4	O119	Colour fastness to washing or dry cleaning	The requirement does not apply to white products, products that are neither dyed nor printed or textiles that are not intended to be washed or dry cleaned
1.12.4	O120	Colour fastness to rubbing (wet)	The requirement does not apply to white products or products that are neither dyed nor printed
1.12.4	O121	Colour fastness to rubbing (dry)	The requirement does not apply to white textile products or textile products that are neither dyed nor printed
1.12.4	O122	Wear resistance	The requirement applies to upholstery fabric to seating furniture
1.12.4	O123	Pilling - upholstery fabric	The requirement applies to upholstery fabric to seating furniture
1.12.5	O124	Coated fabrics	The requirement applies to coated fabrics.
1.12.6	O125	Dimensional changes after washing and drying	The requirement applies to textiles that can be removed and washed
1.12.6	O126	Mattress covers - mechanical properties	The requirement applies to mattress covers

Requirements that applies to other textile parts, e.g. textiles under sofa cushions, textiles on partitions, around the spring mattress on continental beds and around springs in a mattress:

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Comment
1.12.7	O127	Biocides and antibacterial substances	
1.12.7	O128	Flame retardants	
1.12.7	O129	Classification of chemical products	
1.12.7	O130	Extractable metals	Valid certificate according to Oeko-Tex 100 class I or II or GOTS version 4 (or later versions) can be used to document the requirement
1.12.7	O131	Total metal content	Valid certificate according to Oeko-Tex 100 class I orII or GOTS version 4 (or later versions) can be used to document the requirement
1.12.7	O132	Formaldehyde in textile	Valid certificate according to Oeko-Tex 100 class I or II or GOTS version 4 (or later versions), can be used to document the requirement
1.12.7	O133	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)	Valid certificate according to Oeko-Tex 100 class I or II or GOTS version 4 (or later versions) can be used to document the requirement
1.12.7	O134	Pesticides in cotton and other natural seed fibres of cellulose, as well as flax, bamboo or other bast fibres	Valid certificate according to Oeko-Tex 100 class I or II or GOTS version 4 (or later versions) can be used to document the requirement
1.12.7	O135	Ectoparasiticides in wool and other keratin fibres:	Valid certificate according to Oeko-Tex 100 class I or II or GOTS version 4 (or later versions) can be used to document the requirement

Appendix 9a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in the manufacturing of textile

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products in the production of textile must fulfil.

The requirements apply to all chemicals used during the manufacture of textiles unless otherwise specified in the requirement. These include, bleaching, dyeing, printing and finishing, such as coating, lamination or gluing. The requirements apply to chemicals products used in dying plants/-houses.

The requirements do not apply to chemicals used in treatment plants or for maintenance of production equipment. This also applies to chemicals used in small quantities, such as levelling agents and de-sizing agents.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in textile that is included in Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments.

Name of chemical product:	
Function of chemical product:	

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O107: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the classifications below?			
Non-disperse dyes are exempt from the prohibition of H334 and H317, provided that non-dusting formulations are used or that full or semi-automatic dosing is used. If semi-automatic dosing is used, the manual handling of the dyes must be carried out using the correct personal protective equipment in accordance with safety data sheets (SDS) and/or the use of technical measures such as local ventilation.			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	

Acute toxicity	Yes	No	
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
Specific target organ toxicity with single or repeated exposure	Yes	No	
H370 – STOT SE 1	Yes	No	
H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes	No	
Sensitising on inhalation or skin contact	Yes	No	
H334 – Resp. Sens. 1, 1A or B	Yes	No	
H317 – Skin Sens. 1, 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
Carcinogenic	Yes	No	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes	No	
Germ cell mutagenic	Yes	No	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes	No	
Toxid for reproduction	Yes	No	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes	No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes	No	

causing the classification of the chemical product.	
	~
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg) for the ingoing substance/substances which i	s
If yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where possible), chemical name	Э

Appendix 10 – Requirements for padding material

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for padding material are stated. Padding material to which requirements are set and can be included in a Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture are polyurethane foam (PUR), polyester fibre, synthetic latex, recycled textile waste and natural padding materials, such as natural latex, coir (coconut fibre), straw, down and feathers. Padding materials evaluated for compliance with the Nordic Swan Ecolabel's criteria for Textiles, hides and leather, generation 4 or later or the EU Ecolabel criteria for Bed mattresses, version 2014 automatically meet all requirements.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.13.1	O136	Recycled padding materials	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	The requirement only applies to recycled padding materials
1.13.1	O137	Renewable padding materials	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	The requirement only applies to renewable padding materials
1.13.1	O138	Ethical requirements for feathers and down	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	The requirement only applies to feather and down
1.13.1	O139	Manufacture of polyurethane foam	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	The requirement only applies to polyurethane foam
1.13.1	O140	Content of butadiene in synthetic latex	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	The requirement only applies to synthetic latex
1.13.2	O141	Chemicals used in the production/treatment of padding materials	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	See Appendix 10a) for a summary of the chemical requirements
1.13.2	O142	Dyes	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	The requirement only applies if the padding material contain dyes. See Appendix 10a) for a summary of the requirements.
1.13.3	O143	Requirements for emissions -foam padding materials	Regardless of amount of padding material in finished product	The requirement only applies to foam padding materials, e.g. polyurethane foam and latex foam.
				Oeko-Tex Standard 100 certificate (all classes) or CertiPUR certificate can be used to document the requirement.

1.13.3	O144	N-nitrosamines in latex	Regardless of amount	The requirement only
			of padding material in	applies to natural latex
			finished product	and synthetic latex

Appendix 10a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in production or treatment of padding material

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used in production or treatment of padding material, must fulfil.

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot for padding material that is included in Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments.

Name of product:	
Type of padding material: _	

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

O141: Does the chemical product used for production or treatment of padding material contain any of the following substances?			
Substances on the Candidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)	Yes	No	
For the siloxanes D4, D5 and D6 the following applies: D4 (CAS No. 556-67-2), D5 (CAS No. 541-02-6) or D6 (CAS No. 540-97-6) must only be included in the form of residues from raw material production and allowed for each up to 1000 ppm in the silicone raw material (chemical).			
Halogenated organic compounds, for example halogenated flame retardants and organofluoride compounds	Yes	No	
Exemption is given for adhesives containing polychloroprene for production of mattresses and upholstered furniture if the emission of the rest monomer chloroprene (2-chloro-1,3butadiene) is $\leq 1~\mu g/m3$ after 3 days, measured with the chamber method EN ISO 16000 or equivalent methods. The exception is not valid for mattresses designed for children.			
Organophosphate flame retardants	Yes	No	
Substances classified as carcinogenic in categories1A/1B/2 (H350, H351), mutagenic in categories 1A/1B/2 (H340, H341) or reprotoxic in categories 1A/1B/2/Lact (H360, H361, H362) according to the CLP Regulation 1272/2008. Exemption applies to:	Yes	No	

•	1,3-butadiene (CAS number 106-99-0) that is used in the manufacture of synthetic latex from the classifications H340 and H350 if subsequent requirements regarding residual monomers are met, see O143			
•	formaldehyde (CAS number 50-00-0) from the classification H350 if subsequent requirements regarding emissions are met, see O146			
•	methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) and toluene diisocyanate (TDI) in the production of polyurethane foam if requirement O142 is met.			
•	tin octoate (CAS 301-10-0) when used as a catalyst in the production of polyurethane foam			
Phthalate	es	Yes	No	
Organoti	n compounds	Yes	No	
	or biocide products that are added to the padding material for a disinfecting or erial purpose	Yes	No	

If yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where possible), chen and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the substance impurity or purposely added.	

Requirement O146: If the padding material contain dyes, is the dye a metal complex dye with any of the following classifications?			
Carcinogenic			
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes	No	
Germ cell mutagenic	Yes	No	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes	No	
Toxic for reproduction	Yes	No	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes	No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes	No	
H362 - Lact.	Yes	No	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Yes	No	
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity	Yes	No	
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	

H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
Specific target organ toxicity: single exposure and repeated exposure	Yes	No	
H370 – STOT SE 1	Yes	No	
H372 – STOT RE 1	Yes	No	

Appendix 11 - Requirements for hide and leather

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for hide and leather are stated. There are different sets of requirements for hide and leather depending on the amount contained in the product and the function. The most comprehensive requirements are set to hide and leather which are covers, e.g. covers on sofas and chairs.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.14.1	O145	Chromium in hide and leather	More than 1% by weight of hide and leather in the finished product	
1.14.1	O146	Cadmium and lead	More than 1% by weight of hide and leather in the finished product	
1.14.1	O147	Biocides and antibacterial substances	More than 1% by weight of hide and leather in the finished product	
1.14.2	O148-O150	Chemical requirements – production of hide and leather	Hide and leather which are covers	See Appendix 11a) for a summary of the chemical requirements
1.14.2	O151	Sources of hides, skins and leather	Hide and leather which are covers	
1.14.3	O152	Tear strength for leather	Hide and leather which are covers	
1.14.3	O153	Flexing test	Hide and leather which are covers	The requirement only applies to leather with a surface coating
1.14.3	O154	Colour fastness to water	Hide and leather which are covers	The requirement applies to leather that has been dyed or surface-coated
1.14.3	O155	Colour fastness to wear	Hide and leather which are covers	The requirement applies to leather that has been dyed or surface-coated

Appendix 11a) – Requirements that must be fulfilled for chemical product used in production of hide and leather

This appendix contains a summary of the requirements that chemical products used in production of hide and leather must fulfil. The requirements apply to all chemicals used in every step of manufacturing leather and hides/skins (including finishing).

If any of the questions below are answered "yes" and there is no relevant exemption the chemical product does not meet the requirements. This means that the chemical product cannot be used in hide and leather that is included in Nordic Swan Ecolabelled furniture/fitments.

Name of chemical product:	
Function of chemical product:	

- Ingoing substances: All substances in the chemical product, including additives (e.g. preservatives and stabilisers) in the raw materials. Substances known to be released from ingoing substances (e.g. formaldehyde, arylamine, in-situ generated preservatives) are also considered as ingoing substances.
- Impurities: Residuals, pollutants, contaminants etc. from production, incl. production of raw materials that remain in the raw material or in chemical product in concentrations less than 1000 ppm (0,1000 w-%, 1000 mg/kg) in the chemical product. Examples of impurities are residues of the following: residues or reagents incl. residues of monomers, catalysts, by-products, scavengers, and detergents for production equipment and carry-over from other or previous production lines.

Requirement O148: Is the chemical product classified according to any of the classifications below?		 	
Non-disperse dyes are exempt from the prohibition of H334 and H317, provided that non-dusting formulations are used or that full or semi-automatic dosing is used. If semi-automatic dosing is used, the manual handling of the dyes must be carried out using the correct personal protective equipment in accordance with safety data sheets (SDS) and/or the use of technical measures such as local ventilation.			
Hazardous to the aquatic environment			
H400 – Aquatic Acute 1	Yes	No	
H410 – Aquatic Chronic 1	Yes	No	
H411 – Aquatic Chronic 2	Yes	No	
H420 – Ozone	Yes	No	
Acute toxicity	Yes	No	
H300 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H310 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H330 – Acute Tox 1 or 2	Yes	No	
H301 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H311 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	
H331 – Acute Tox 3	Yes	No	

H370 – STOT SE 1 H372 – STOT RE 1 Sensitising on inhalation or skin contact	Yes			
			No	
Sensitising on inhalation or skin contact	Yes		No	
	Yes		No	
H334 – Resp. Sens. 1, 1A or B	Yes		No	
H317 – Skin Sens. 1, 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Yes		No	
H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B	Yes	П	No	
H351 – Carc. 2	Yes		No	
Germ cell mutagenic	Yes		No	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.				
H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H341 – Muta. 2	Yes		No	
Toxid for reproduction	Yes		No	
Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	.,	_		_
H360 – Repr. 1A or 1B	Yes		No	
H361 – Repr. 2	Yes		No	
H362 – Lact.	Yes		No	
			_	
Requirement O149: Does the chemical product contain ingoing substances which are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement.	h			
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic	h			
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement.	h		No	
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.			No No	
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic	Yes			
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2	Yes			
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Yes Yes		No	
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction	Yes Yes		No	
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2	Yes Yes		No	
are classified according to any of the classifications below? Titanium dioxide (TiO2) in powder form is exempt from the requirement. Carcinogenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H350 – Carc. 1A or 1B H351 – Carc. 2 Germ cell mutagenic Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect. H340 – Muta. 1A or 1B H341 – Muta. 2 Toxic for reproduction Including all combinations of stated exposure route and stated specific effect.	Yes Yes Yes		No No No	

•	he questions above, state the CAS no. (where pom, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the posely added.				
				_	
				_	
				_	
				_	
Requirement O150: substances?	Does the chemical product contain any of the following				
	andidate List (The Candidate List is available on the ECHA website: /candidate-list-table)	Yes		No	
	D5 and D6 the following applies: D4 (CAS No. 556-67-2), D5 (CAS				
, ,	CAS No. 540-97-6) must only be included in the form of residues duction and allowed for each up to 1000 ppm in the silicone raw				
nom raw material pro material (chemical).	duction and allowed for each up to 1000 ppm in the silicone raw				
	been evaluated in the EU to be PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative	Yes		No	
	rery Persistent and very Bioaccumulative) in accordance with the				
criteria in Annex XIII o					
Substances on the Et See the following link	J member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists", List I and III. s:	Yes		No	
	ed-lists/list-i-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by-the-				
eu and	ad Baka Mak Bi and akan ana idan kifa dan ana dan kina diamakan ba				
nttps://edlists.org/tne- participating-national-	ed-lists/list-iii-substances-identified-as-endocrine-disruptors-by- authorities				
	nces on the EU member state initiative "Endocrine Disruptor Lists",	Yes	П	No	П
_ist II:		. 55			
•	(±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one / 4-methylbenzylidene camphor / 4-MBC (CAS No. 36861-47-9)				
•	2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-				
	phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane / bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane / bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS No. 1675-54-3)				
•	4-tert-butylphenol / p-tert butylphenol (CAS No. 98-54-4)				
•	Benzophenone-1 (BP-1) / 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (CAS No. 131-56-6)				
•	Benzophenone-2 / 2,2',4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone / BP-2 (CAS No. 131-55-5)				
•	Butylparaben / butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / n-butyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-26-8)				
•	Carbon disulphide (CAS No. 75-15-0)				
•	Deltamethrin / α -cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl [1R-[1 α (S*),3 α]]-3-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate (CAS No. 52918-63-5)				
•	Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP) (CAS No. 84-61-7)				
•	Diuron (CAS No. 330-54-1)				
•	Ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / ethylparaben (CAS No. 120-47-8)				
•	Homosalate / homomenthylsalicylate / 3,3,5-trimethyl-cyclohexyl salicylate (CAS No. 118-56-9)				
•	Methylparaben / methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate / methyl p-hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 99-76-3)				
•	Oxybenzone (BP-3) / benzophenone-3 / 2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-benzophenone (CAS No. 131-57-7)				

hydroxybenzoate (CAS No. 94-13-3)				
Resorcinol / 1,3-benzenediol (CAS No.108-46-3) Test but the set for a factor of the set (ATRE CAS) Test but the set for a factor of the set (ATRE CAS).				
 Tert-butyl methyl ether / methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, CAS No. 1634-04-4) 				
 Tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) / 2- and 3-tert-butyl-4- hydroxyanisole / butylated hydroxyanisole / tert-butyl-4- hydroxyanisole (CAS No. 25013-16-5) 				
• Ziram (CAS No. 137-30-4)				
On 1 October 2022, the group of substances from List II above is extended to cover the full List II.				
See the following link:				
List II: https://edlists.org/the-ed-lists/list-ii-substances-under-eu-investigation-endocrine-disruption				
A substance which is transferred to one of the corresponding sub lists called "Substances no longer on list", and no longer appears on any of List I-III, is no longer excluded. The exception is those substances on sub list II which were evaluated under a regulation or directive which doesn't have provisions for identifying EDs (e.g., the Cosmetics Regulation, etc.). For those substances, ED properties may still have been confirmed or suspected. Nordic Ecolabelling will evaluate the circumstances case-bycase, based on the background information indicated on sub list II.				
Flame retardants (e.g. short chain chloroparaffins)	Yes		No	
Per- and polyfluorinated compounds, e.g. PFOA and PFOS	Yes		No	
Nanoparticles In accordance with the definition of a nanomaterial adopted by the European	Yes		No	
Commission on 18 October 2011 (2011/696/EU).				
The requirement does not apply to pigments.				
Alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) and other alkylphenol derivates	Yes		No	
Alkylphenol derivatives are defined as substances that release alkylphenols when they break down.				
Heavy metals in dyes and pigments Exemptions from the requirement are granted for metal impurities in dyes and pigments up to the amounts set out in ETAD, Annex 2 "Heavy metal limits for dyes": antimony (50 ppm), arsenic (50 ppm), cadmium (20 ppm), chromium (100 ppm), lead (100 ppm), mercury (4 ppm), zinc (1500 ppm), copper (250 ppm), nickel (200 ppm), tin (250 ppm), barium (100 ppm), cobalt (500 ppm), iron (2500 ppm), manganese (1000 ppm), selenium (20 ppm) and silver (100 ppm).	Yes		No	
Phthalates	Yes		No	
Organotin compounds	Yes		No	
Chlorinated solvents, including chlorophenols and chlorobenzenes	Yes		No	
Linear alkylbenzene sulphonates (LAS)	Yes		No	
Aziridines and polyaziridines	Yes		No	
EDTA (ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid) and DTPA (diethylene triamine pentaacetate)	Yes		No	
EDTA (ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid) and DTPA (diethylene triamine pentaacetate) f yes to any of the questions above, state the CAS no. (where po				
and level (in ppm, % by weight or mg/kg). Also state whether the mpurity or purposely added.	e sub	stan	ce is a	an
			_	

Require	ment O150: Does the chemical product contain any of the following azo	Yes	No	
•	at may release aromatic amines with carcinogenic properties?	100	110	
•	4-aminodiphenyl (CAS No. 92-67-1)			
•	Benzidine (CAS No. 92-87-5)			
•	4-chlor-o-toluidine (CAS No. 95-69-2)			
•	2-naphthylamine (CAS No. 91-59-8)			
•	o-amino-azotoluene (CAS No. 97-56-3)			
•	2-amino-4-nitrotoluene (CAS No. 99-55-8)			
•	p-chloraniline (CAS No. 106-47-8)			
•	2,4-diaminoanisol (CAS No. 615-05-4)			
•	4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane (CAS No. 101-77-9)			
•	3,3'-dichlorbenzidine (CAS No. 91-94-1)			
•	3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine (CAS No. 119-90-4)			
•	3,3'-dimethylbenzidine (CAS No. 119-93-7)			
•	3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane (CAS No. 838-88-0)			
•	p-cresidine (CAS No. 120-71-8)			
•	4,4'-oxydianiline (CAS No. 101-80-4)			
•	4,4'-thiodianiline (CAS No. 139-65-1)			
•	o-toluidine (CAS No. 95-53-4)			
•	2,4-diaminotoluene (CAS No. 95-80-7)			
•	2,4,5-trimethylaniline (CAS No. 137-17-7)			
•	4-aminoazobenzene (CAS No. 60-09-3)			
•	o-anisidine (CAS No. 90-04-0)			
•	2,4-Xylidine (CAS No. 95-68-1)			
•	2,6-Xylidine (CAS No. 87-62-7)			
•	4,4'-methylene-bis-(2-chloro-aniline) (CAS No. 101-14-4)			
•	2-amino-5-nitroanisole (CAS No. 97-52-9)			
•	m-nitroaniline (CAS No. 99-09-2)			
•	2-amino-4-nitrophenol (CAS No. 99-57-0)			
•	m-phenylenediamine (CAS No. 108-45-2)			
•	2-amino-5-nitrothiazole (CAS No. 121-66-4)			
•	2-amino-5-nitrophenol (CAS No. 121-88-0)			
•	p-aminophenol (CAS No. 123-30-80)			
•	p-phenetidine (CAS No. 156-43-4)			
•	2-methyl-pphenylenediamine; 2,5diaminotoluene (CAS No. 615-50-9)			
•	2-methyl-pphenylenediamine; 2,5diaminotoluene (CAS No. 95-70-5)			
•	2-methyl-pphenylenediamine; 2,5diaminotoluene (CAS No. 25376-45-8)			
•	6-chloro-2,4-dinitroaniline (CAS No. 3531-19-9)			

If yes to the question above, state which azo dye:						

Appendix 12 - Requirements for other materials in the criteria

In the table below the requirements that must be fulfilled for other materials in the criteria are stated. The other materials are materials for sound absorption, glass, linoleum, natural stone and agglomerated stone.

Chapter	Requirement number	Requirement name	Level when the requirement applies	Comment
1.15 Materials for sound absorption	O156	Mineral raw materials for acoustic insulation	More than 5% by weight of materials for sound absorption in the finished product	Fibre products that are made, for example, from polyester and recycled textile waste must meet the relevant requirements for padding materials in Chapter 3.10.
				Mineral raw materials must meet relevant requirements set in the Nordic Ecolabel criteria for Construction and facade panels generation 6 or later.
1.16 Glass	O157	Glass	More than 5% by weight of glass in the finished product	
1.16 Glass	O158	Surface treatment of glass	More than 5% by weight of glass in the finished product	
1.16 Glass	O159	Recycled glass	More than 30% by weight of glass in the finished product	At least 30% by weight of the glass must consist of recycled glass.
1.17 Linoleum	O160	Linoleum	More than 5% by weight of linoleum in the finished product	Linoleum must fulfil relevant requirements or be inspected and included as a material in a licence for Nordic Swan Ecolabelled linoleum flooring in compliance with the criteria for Floor Coverings, generation 6 or later

1.18 Natural stone and agglomerated stone	O161	Natural stone and agglomerated stone	Regardless of amount of natural stone or agglomerated stone in finished product	Natural stone and agglomerated stone must meet relevant requirements in the EU Ecolabel's criteria for Hard Coverings, 2021.
1.18 Natural stone and agglomerated stone	O162	General principles and rights	Regardless of amount of natural stone or agglomerated stone in finished product	