

Appendix 2 Declaration from the manufacturer of the raw material

To be used in conjunction with an application for a licence for the Nordic Ecolabelling of indoor paint and varnishes.

Declaration is made by the chemical supplier based to the best of his/her knowledge at the given time, also based on information from raw material manufacturers, recipe and available knowledge on the chemical product with reservations for new advances and new knowledge. Should such new knowledge arise, the undersigned is obliged to submit an updated declaration to Nordic Ecolabelling.

Raw material name: _____

Raw material's function: _____

Ingoing substances are defined as, unless stated otherwise, all substances in the product – including additives (e.g., preservatives or stabilisers) in the raw materials/ingredients, but not residuals from production, incl. production of raw materials).

Residuals from production, incl. production of raw materials are defined as residuals, pollutants and contaminants derived from the production, incl. production of the raw materials, which are present in the final product in amounts less than 100 ppm (0,0100 w-%, 100 mg/kg), but not substances added to the raw materials or product intentionally and with a purpose – regardless of amount. Residuals in the raw materials above 1,0 % are regarded as ingoing substances. Known substances released from the ingoing substances are also regarded as ingoing substances.

O3: Does the raw material contain substances classified with any of the hazard phrases below?	Yes	No
H350 – Carcinogenic, hazard category 1A and 1B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
H351 – Carcinogenic, hazard category 2		
H340 – May cause genetic defects, hazard category 1A and 1B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
H341 – May cause genetic defects, hazard category 2		
H360 – Toxic for reproduction, hazard category 1A and 1B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
H361 – Toxic for reproduction, hazard category 2		
H362 – Toxic for reproduction – effects on or through breastfeeding (supplementary category)		
H334 – Respiratory sensitising	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
STOT SE 1 H370	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
STOT RE 1 H372		

If yes, please for each specify which substance, if substance is added or a residue, CAS-no. (if possible), function (if appropriate), classification and amount in ppm:

(If it is residual monomers in polymers, please state in point 07 instead)

O4: Does the raw material contain any substances classified as harmful to the environment with the following risk phrases or combinations of them?

Yes No

- H410– Aquatic Chronic 1
- H411– Aquatic Chronic 2
- H412– Aquatic Chronic 3

If **yes**, please for each classification specify which substance, if substance is a preservative and amount in ppm:

O5: Does the raw material contain any preservatives?

Yes No

If **yes**, please state:

Is the preservative compliant with Directive 98/8/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EU) No 528/2012:

Specify each preservative, CAS-no. and amount in ppm for each:

BCF or logKow value of each preservative:

O6: Does the raw material contain added formaldehyde?

Yes No

O7: Does the raw material contain residual monomer in polymers present in the product > 1 % classified with any of the hazard phrases below?

Yes No

- H350 – Carcinogenic, hazard category 1A and 1B
- H351 – Carcinogenic, hazard category 2

- H340 – May cause genetic defects, hazard category 1A and 1B
- H341 – May cause genetic defects, hazard category 2

- H360 – Toxic for reproduction, hazard category 1A and 1B
- H361 – Toxic for reproduction, hazard category 2
- H362 - Toxic for reproduction – effects on or through breastfeeding (supplementary category)

STOT SE 1 H370
 STOT SE 2 H371
 STOT RE 1 H372
 STOT RE 2 H373

H334 – Respiratory sensitisation

If **yes**, please state for each polymer the level of residual monomers (to be stated for newly produced polymers and on the basis of the content in the raw material) with each of the above classifications in ppm:

(If vinyl acetate as residual monomer is present, please state this separately together with amount in ppm)

O8: Does the raw material contain any heavy metals (cadmium, lead, chromium^{VI}, mercury, arsenic, barium, selenium, antimony)?

Yes No

Traces of the above mentioned metals from residuals can be included up to 100 ppm (100 mg/kg, 0.0100% by weight) per single metal in the raw material.

- Barium sulphate and other insoluble barium compounds are exempted.

- An exception is made for antimony in pigments contained in a TiO₂ rutile lattice on the following terms: test results must prove that the molecular structure is inert and that the environmental and health effects of the pigment are on the same level as, or better than, the results for C.I Pigment Brown 24 CAS no. 68186-90-3 and C.I Pigment Yellow 53 CAS no. 8007-18-9 in the report: UNEF Publications, OECD SIDS Initial Assessment Profile (www.inchem.org)*.

If **yes**, please state the heavy metals, if added or residual and the amount in ppm for each:

(*For antimony in pigments that are excepted by the above terms, please attach test according to Test method DIN 53770-1 or equivalent, showing that terms are fulfilled)

O9: Does the raw material contain titanium dioxide?

Yes No

If **yes**, please state amount in ppm:

O11: Does the raw material contain any nanomaterials according to the EU definition, 2011/696/EU, (including nanotitanium dioxide)?

Yes No

Definition: 'Nanomaterial' means a natural, incidental or manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for 50 % or more of the particles in the number size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1 nm-100 nm."

The following are exempted from the requirement:

- Pigments*
- Naturally occurring inorganic fillers - this applies to fillers covered by Annex V point 7 in REACH.
- Synthetic amorphous silica** and precipitated calcium carbonate (PCC)
- Polymer dispersions

* Nano-titanium dioxide (nano-TiO₂) is not considered a pigment and is therefore covered by this requirement.

**This applies to traditional synthetic amorphous silica. Chemically modified colloidal silica can be included in the products as long as the silica particles form aggregates in the final product. The surface treatment of surface-treated nanoparticles must fulfil requirement O3 (classification of constituent chemical substances) and requirement O12 (Other substances excluded from use).

If yes, please state if one of the above exceptions apply and add additional information if needed:

O12: Does the raw material contain any of the following substances?	Yes	No
• Substances on the candidate list (The Candidate List can be found on the ECHA website at: http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Substances evaluated by EU as PBT (Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative), in accordance with the criteria in Annex XIII in REACH.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Substances considered to be potential endocrine disruptors in category 1 or 2 on the EU's priority list of substances that are to be investigated further for endocrine disruptive effects. The list can be read in its entirety at http://ec.europa.eu/environment/chemicals/endocrine/strategy/being_en.htm . See Appendix L S	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Organotin compounds	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Phthalates	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• APEO – alkylphenol ethoxylates and alkylphenol derivatives (substances that release alkylphenols on degradation).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Halogenated organic substances, including perfluorinated substances and polyperfluorinated alkylated substances (PFAS)exempted <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Preservatives that fulfil O5 ○ paint pigments that meet the EU's requirements concerning colourants in food packaging under Resolution AP (89) point 2.5 and ○ dries in oxidative drying paints (note: see O3). 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Isocyanates <p style="margin-left: 20px;">Water-based polyisocyanates with a chain length of more than 10 are exempted, where the concentration of isocyanates with a chain length of less than 10 as an impurity is documented.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Fragrances	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(If an exception applies as above, please attach documentation as appropriate)		
O13: Does the raw material contain any VOC* and/or SVOC*?	Yes	No
(If the contents of SVOC is unknown, please state this)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

***Definitions of VOC and SVOC**

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) mean any organic compounds having an initial boiling point less than or equal to 250 °C measured at a standard pressure of 101,3 kPa as defined in Directive 2004/42/EC and which, in a capillary column, are eluting up to and including n-Tetradecane (C₁₄H₃₀).

Semi volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) mean any organic compound having a boiling point greater than 250 °C and less than 370 °C measured at a standard pressure of 101,3 kPa and which, in a capillary column are eluting with a retention range after n-Tetradecane (C₁₄H₃₀) and up to and including n-Docosane (C₂₂H₄₆).

If yes, please state amount in g/l for VOC:

If yes, please state amount in g/l for SVOC:

(If the contents of SVOC is unknown, please state this)

O14: Does the raw material contain any VAH?

Yes No

If yes, please state if actively added or a residue and amount in ppm:

Place and date:	Company name/stamp:
Responsible person:	Signature of responsible person:
Phone:	Email: